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Table UV001 TOTAL POPULATION

Table population: All people

ALL PEOPLE

1

All people resident in households

2

All people resident in communal establishments

3

Of which people sleeping rough are

4

Table UV002 POPULATION DENSITY

Table population: All people

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | | 1 |
| AREA (HECTARES) | | 2 |
| Density (Number of persons per hectare) | | 3 |

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

Table UV003 SEX

Table population: All people

ALL PEOPLE

1

Males

2

Females

3

Table UV004 AGE

Table population: All people

| | | | | |
|------------|----|-----------|----|--|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 | | | |
| Under 1 | 2 | 41 | 43 | |
| 1 | 3 | 42 | 44 | |
| 2 | 4 | 43 | 45 | |
| 3 | 5 | 44 | 46 | |
| 4 | 6 | 45 | 47 | |
| 5 | 7 | 46 | 48 | |
| 6 | 8 | 47 | 49 | |
| 7 | 9 | 48 | 50 | |
| 8 | 10 | 49 | 51 | |
| 9 | 11 | 50 | 52 | |
| 10 | 12 | 51 | 53 | |
| 11 | 13 | 52 | 54 | |
| 12 | 14 | 53 | 55 | |
| 13 | 15 | 54 | 56 | |
| 14 | 16 | 55 | 57 | |
| 15 | 17 | 56 | 58 | |
| 16 | 18 | 57 | 59 | |
| 17 | 19 | 58 | 60 | |
| 18 | 20 | 59 | 61 | |
| 19 | 21 | 60 | 62 | |
| 20 | 22 | 61 | 63 | |
| 21 | 23 | 62 | 64 | |
| 22 | 24 | 63 | 65 | |
| 23 | 25 | 64 | 66 | |
| 24 | 26 | 65 | 67 | |
| 25 | 27 | 66 | 68 | |
| 26 | 28 | 67 | 69 | |
| 27 | 29 | 68 | 70 | |
| 28 | 30 | 69 | 71 | |
| 29 | 31 | 70 | 72 | |
| 30 | 32 | 71 | 73 | |
| 31 | 33 | 72 | 74 | |
| 32 | 34 | 73 | 75 | |
| 33 | 35 | 74 | 76 | |
| 34 | 36 | 75 to 79 | 77 | |
| 35 | 37 | 80 to 84 | 78 | |
| 36 | 38 | 85 to 89 | 79 | |
| 37 | 39 | 90 to 94 | 80 | |
| 38 | 40 | 95 to 99 | 81 | |
| 39 | 41 | 100 years | | |
| 40 | 42 | and over | 82 | |

Table UV005 SCHOOLCHILDREN AND STUDENTS IN FULL TIME EDUCATION LIVING AWAY FROM HOME DURING TERM-TIME

Table population: All schoolchildren and students in full time education who would reside in the area were they not living away from home during term-time

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| ALL SCHOOLCHILDREN AND STUDENTS | 1 |
| Male | 2 |
| Female | 3 |

Table UV006 DEPENDENT CHILDREN

Table population: All families in households

| | |
|--|---|
| ALL FAMILIES IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| No dependent children | 2 |
| 1 dependent child aged 0 to 4 | 3 |
| 1 dependent child aged 5 to 11 | 4 |
| 1 dependent child aged 12 to 18 | 5 |
| 2 or more dependent children, youngest aged 0 to 4 | 6 |
| 2 or more dependent children, youngest aged 5 to 11 | 7 |
| 2 or more dependent children, youngest aged 12 to 18 | 8 |
| TOTAL DEPENDENT CHILDREN | 9 |

Footnote:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s)

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Table UV007 MARITAL STATUS

Table population: All people

ALL PEOPLE

1

Single (never married)

2

Married (first marriage)

3

Re-married

4

Separated (but still legally married)

5

Divorced

6

Widowed

7

Table UV008 COUNTRY OF BIRTH
Table population: All people

Page 1 of 3

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Europe | 2 |
| United Kingdom | 3 |
| England | 4 |
| Scotland | 5 |
| Northern Ireland | 6 |
| Wales | 7 |
| UK part not specified | 8 |
| Republic of Ireland | 9 |
| Channel Islands and Isle of Man | 10 |
| Other Western Europe | 11 |
| EU countries | 12 |
| Austria | 13 |
| Belgium | 14 |
| Denmark | 15 |
| Finland | 16 |
| France | 17 |
| Germany | 18 |
| Greece | 19 |
| Italy | 20 |
| Luxembourg | 21 |
| Netherlands | 22 |
| Portugal | 23 |
| Spain | 24 |
| Sweden | 25 |
| Non EU Countries in Western Europe | 26 |
| Eastern Europe | 27 |
| Albania | 28 |
| Czech Republic | 29 |
| Romania | 30 |
| Poland | 31 |
| Turkey | 32 |
| Former Yugoslavia | 33 |
| Baltic States | 34 |
| Other European Countries in former USSR | 35 |
| Other Eastern Europe | 36 |

Footnotes:

- 1.The European Union as defined on Census day (29 April 2001).
- 2.'Other' consists of people born at sea or in the air, or with country of birth not stated.
- 3.People born in Central America have been included in North America.

Table UV008 COUNTRY OF BIRTH
Table population: All people

Page 2 of 3

| | |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Africa | 37 |
| North Africa | 38 |
| Central and Western Africa | 39 |
| Democratic Republic of Congo | 40 |
| Nigeria | 41 |
| Sierra Leone | 42 |
| Other Central and Western Africa | 43 |
| South and Eastern Africa | 44 |
| Kenya | 45 |
| Somalia | 46 |
| South Africa | 47 |
| Zimbabwe | 48 |
| Other South and Eastern Africa | 49 |
| Asia | 50 |
| Middle East | 51 |
| Cyprus | 52 |
| Iran | 53 |
| Iraq | 54 |
| Other Middle East | 55 |
| Far East | 56 |
| China | 57 |
| Hong Kong | 58 |
| Japan | 59 |
| Malaysia | 60 |
| Singapore | 61 |
| Other Far East | 62 |
| Asian countries in former USSR | 63 |
| South Asia | 64 |
| Afghanistan | 65 |
| Bangladesh | 66 |
| India | 67 |
| Pakistan | 68 |
| Sri Lanka | 69 |
| Other South Asia | 70 |

Footnotes:

- 1.The European Union as defined on Census day (29 April 2001).
- 2.'Other' consists of people born at sea or in the air, or with country of birth not stated.
- 3.People born in Central America have been included in North America.

Table UV008 COUNTRY OF BIRTH
Table population: All people

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| | |
|---------------------------------|----|
| North America | 71 |
| Canada | 72 |
| United States of America | 73 |
| Jamaica | 74 |
| Other Caribbean and West Indies | 75 |
| Other North America | 76 |
| South America | 77 |
| Oceania | 78 |
| Australia | 79 |
| New Zealand | 80 |
| Other Oceania | 81 |
| Other | 82 |

Footnotes:

- 1.The European Union as defined on Census day (29 April 2001).
- 2.'Other' consists of people born at sea or in the air, or with country of birth not stated.
- 3.People born in Central America have been included in North America.

Table UV009 ETHNIC GROUP

Table population: All people

| | |
|-------------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| White | 2 |
| British | 3 |
| Irish | 4 |
| Other White | 5 |
| Mixed | 6 |
| White and Black Caribbean | 7 |
| White and Black African | 8 |
| White and Asian | 9 |
| Other Mixed | 10 |
| Asian or Asian British | 11 |
| Indian | 12 |
| Pakistani | 13 |
| Bangladeshi | 14 |
| Other Asian | 15 |
| Black or Black British | 16 |
| Caribbean | 17 |
| African | 18 |
| Other Black | 19 |
| Chinese or Other Ethnic Group | 20 |
| Chinese | 21 |
| Other Ethnic Group | 22 |

Table UV010 ETHNIC GROUP (Scotland)
Table population: All people

| | |
|-------------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| White Scottish | 2 |
| Other White British | 3 |
| White Irish | 4 |
| Other White | 5 |
| Indian | 6 |
| Pakistani | 7 |
| Bangladeshi | 8 |
| Other South Asian | 9 |
| Chinese | 10 |
| Caribbean | 11 |
| African | 12 |
| Black Scottish or Other Black | 13 |
| Any Mixed Background | 14 |
| Other Ethnic Group | 15 |

Table UV011 ETHNIC GROUP (Northern Ireland)
Table population: All people

| | |
|--------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| White | 2 |
| Irish Traveller | 3 |
| Mixed | 4 |
| Indian | 5 |
| Pakistani | 6 |
| Bangladeshi | 7 |
| Other Asian | 8 |
| Black Caribbean | 9 |
| Black African | 10 |
| Black Other | 11 |
| Chinese | 12 |
| Other Ethnic Group | 13 |

Table UV012 KNOWLEDGE OF GAELIC

Table population: All people

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Understands spoken Gaelic but cannot speak, read or write Gaelic | 2 |
| Speaks, reads and writes Gaelic | 3 |
| Speaks, but neither reads nor writes Gaelic | 4 |
| Speaks and reads but cannot write Gaelic | 5 |
| Reads but neither speaks nor writes Gaelic | 6 |
| Writes but neither speaks nor reads Gaelic | 7 |
| Reads and writes but does not speak Gaelic | 8 |
| Other combination of skills in Gaelic | 9 |
| No knowledge of Gaelic | 10 |

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Table UV013 KNOWLEDGE OF WELSH
Table population: All people

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Understands spoken Welsh but cannot speak, read or write Welsh | 2 |
| Speaks, reads and writes Welsh | 3 |
| Speaks, but neither reads nor writes Welsh | 4 |
| Speaks and reads but cannot write Welsh | 5 |
| Reads but neither speaks nor writes Welsh | 6 |
| Writes but neither speaks nor reads Welsh | 7 |
| Reads and writes but does not speak Welsh | 8 |
| Other combination of skills in Welsh | 9 |
| No knowledge of Welsh | 10 |

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Table UV014 KNOWLEDGE OF IRISH
Table population: All people

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Understands spoken Irish but cannot speak, read or write Irish | 2 |
| Speaks, reads and writes Irish | 3 |
| Speaks, but neither reads nor writes Irish | 4 |
| Speaks and reads but cannot write Irish | 5 |
| Reads but neither speaks nor writes Irish | 6 |
| Writes but neither speaks nor reads Irish | 7 |
| Reads and writes but does not speak Irish | 8 |
| Other combination of skills in Irish | 9 |
| No knowledge of Irish | 10 |

Table UV015 RELIGION (England and Wales)
Table population: All people

| | |
|---------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Christian | 2 |
| Buddhist | 3 |
| Hindu | 4 |
| Jewish | 5 |
| Muslim | 6 |
| Sikh | 7 |
| Any other religion | 8 |
| No religion | 9 |
| Religion not stated | 10 |

Table UV016 RELIGION (Scotland)
Table population: All people

| | |
|--------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| None | 2 |
| Church of Scotland | 3 |
| Roman Catholic | 4 |
| Other Christian | 5 |
| Buddhist | 6 |
| Hindu | 7 |
| Jewish | 8 |
| Muslim | 9 |
| Sikh | 10 |
| Another religion | 11 |
| Not answered | 12 |

Table UV017 RELIGION OF UPBRINGING (Scotland)

Table population: All people

| | |
|--------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| None | 2 |
| Church of Scotland | 3 |
| Roman Catholic | 4 |
| Other Christian | 5 |
| Buddhist | 6 |
| Hindu | 7 |
| Jewish | 8 |
| Muslim | 9 |
| Sikh | 10 |
| Another religion | 11 |
| Not answered | 12 |

Table UV018 CURRENT RELIGION* (Northern Ireland)
 Table population: All people

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Catholic | 2 |
| Presbyterian Church in Ireland | 3 |
| Church of Ireland | 4 |
| Methodist Church in Ireland | 5 |
| Other Christian (including Christian related) | 6 |
| No Religions and Philosophies | 7 |
| No religion | 8 |
| Religion not stated | 9 |

Footnote:

1. This table provides data on the religion, religious denomination or body that people belonged to at the time of the Census (29 April 2001).
2. The term Catholic includes those respondents who gave their religion as Catholic or Roman Catholic.

Table UV019 COMMUNITY BACKGROUND (Northern Ireland)

Table population: All people

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Catholic | 2 |
| Protestant, other Christian and Christian related | 3 |
| All other Religions and Philosophies | 4 |
| None | 5 |

Footnote:

1. This table provides data on the religion, religious denomination or body that people belonged to at the time of the Census (29 April 2001).
2. The term Catholic includes those respondents who gave their religion as Catholic or Roman Catholic.

Table UV020 GENERAL HEALTH

Table population: All people

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Good Health | 2 |
| Fairly Good Health | 3 |
| Not Good Health | 4 |

Footnote:

1. General Health refers to health over the 12 months before the Census (29 April 2001)

Table UV021 PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE
Table population: All people

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Provides no care | 2 |
| Provides 1 to 19 hours care a week | 3 |
| Provides 20 to 49 hours care a week | 4 |
| Provides 50 or more hours care a week | 5 |

Footnote:

1. Provision of unpaid care: looking after, giving any help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age.

Table UV022 LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS
Table population: All people

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| With a limiting long-term illness | 2 |
| without a limiting long-term illness | 3 |

Footnote:

1. Limiting long-term illness covers any long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits daily activities or work a person can do.

Table UV023 MIGRATION (PEOPLE)

Table population: All people resident in the area and those having moved from the area to elsewhere in the UK in the past year

| | |
|--|---|
| Lived at the same address | 1 |
| No usual address one year ago | 2 |
| Inflow | |
| Lived elsewhere one year ago within same area | 3 |
| Lived elsewhere one year ago outside the area but within 'associated area' | 4 |
| Lived elsewhere one year ago outside the 'associated area' but within the UK | 5 |
| Lived elsewhere one year ago within the UK | 6 |
| Outflow | |
| Moved out of area but within 'associated area' | 7 |
| Moved outside the 'associated area' but within UK | 8 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1. One year ago is one year before the Census (29 April 2001).
2. Inflow is not an exact count of people moving into an area as it does not include people who had no usual address one year ago who did not live within the area.
3. Outflow is not a count of all people moving out of the area as it does not include people who have moved outside the UK.

Table UV024 QUALIFICATIONS (England and Wales)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| No qualifications | 2 |
| Level 1 | 3 |
| Level 2 | 4 |
| Level 3 | 5 |
| Level 4/5 | 6 |
| Other qualifications/Level unknown | 7 |

Footnote:

1.The highest level of qualification variable uses both the educational and vocational qualifications question, and the professional qualifications question.

No qualifications: No academic, vocational or professional qualifications.

Level 1: 1+ 'O' levels/CSE/GCSE (any grade 1), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ.

Level 2: 5+ 'O' levels, 5 CSE's (grade 1), 5+ GCSE (grade A* -C), School Certificate, 1+ A levels/AS levels,NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 3: 2+ A levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 4/5: First Degree, Higher Degree, NVQ levels 4-5, HND, HNC, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor or equivalents.

Other qualifications/level unknown: Other qualifications (e.g. City and Guilds, RSA/OCR., BTEC/Edexcel), Other professional Qualifications.

Table UV025 QUALIFICATIONS (Scotland)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups | 2 |
| Group 1 | 3 |
| Group 2 | 4 |
| Group 3 | 5 |
| Group 4 | 6 |

Footnote:

1.The highest level of Education Achievement is defined as:

Group 1: 'O'Grade, Standard Grade, Intermediate 1, Intermediate 2, City and Guilds Craft, SVQ level 1 or 2,or equivalent.

Group 2: Higher Grade, CSYS, ONC, OND, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, RSA Advanced Diploma, SVQ level 3 or equivalent.

Group 3: HND, HNC, RSA Higher Diploma, SVQ level 4 or 5 or equivalent.

Group 4: First Degree, Higher Degree, Professional Qualification.

Table UV026 QUALIFICATIONS (Northern Ireland)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| No qualifications | 2 |
| Level 1 | 3 |
| Level 2 | 4 |
| Level 3 | 5 |
| Level 4 | 6 |
| Level 5 | 7 |

Footnote:

1.The levels for 'Highest level of Qualification' are defined as follows:

No qualifications: no qualification.

Level 1: GCSE (grades D-G), CSE (grades 2-5), 1 - 4 CSE's (grade 1), 1 - 4 GCSE's (grade A-C), 1 - 4 'O' level passes, NVQ level 1, GNVQ foundation.

Level 2: 5+ CSE's (grade 1), 5+ GCSE's (grade A-C), 5+ 'O'levels, Senior Certificate, 1 A level, 1 - 3 AS levels,
Advanced Senior Certificate, NVQ level 2, GNVQ intermediate.

Level 3: 2+ 'A' levels, 4+ AS levels, NVQ level 3, GNVQ advanced.

Level 4: First Degree,NVQ level 4, HNC, HND.

Level 5: Higher Degree, NVQ level 5.

Table UV027 TIME SINCE LAST WORKED

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

| | |
|-----------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| In employment | 2 |
| Not in employment | 3 |
| Last worked in 2001 | 4 |
| Last worked in 2000 | 5 |
| Last worked in 1999 | 6 |
| Last worked in 1998 | 7 |
| Last worked in 1997 | 8 |
| Last worked in 1996 | 9 |
| Last worked in 1991 to 1995 | 10 |
| Last worked before 1991 | 11 |
| Never worked | 12 |

Table UV028 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

| | |
|---------------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Economically active | 2 |
| Employee | 3 |
| Part-time | 4 |
| Full-time | 5 |
| Self employed with employees | 6 |
| Part-time | 7 |
| Full-time | 8 |
| Self employed without employees | 9 |
| Part-time | 10 |
| Full-time | 11 |
| Unemployed | 12 |
| Full-time students | 13 |
| Economically inactive | 14 |
| Retired | 15 |
| Student | 16 |
| Looking after home/family | 17 |
| Permanently sick/disabled | 18 |
| Other | 19 |

Footnote:

1. For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.

Table UV029 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY - FULL-TIME STUDENTS

Table population: Full-time students aged 16 to 74

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| ALL FULL-TIME STUDENTS | 1 |
| Economically active | 2 |
| In employment | 3 |
| Unemployed | 4 |
| Economically inactive | 5 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

Table UV030 OCCUPATION

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| 1. Managers and Senior Officers | 2 |
| 1.1 Corporate Managers | 3 |
| 1.2 Managers and Proprietors in Agriculture and Services | 4 |
| 2. Professional Occupations | 5 |
| 2.1 Science and Technology Professionals | 6 |
| 2.2 Health Professionals | 7 |
| 2.3 Teaching and Research professionals | 8 |
| 2.4 Business and Public Service Professionals | 9 |
| 3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations | 10 |
| 3.1 Science and Technology Associate Professionals | 11 |
| 3.2 Health and Social Welfare Associate Professionals | 12 |
| 3.3 Protective Service Occupations | 13 |
| 3.4 Culture, Media and Sports Occupations | 14 |
| 3.5 Business and Public Service Associate Professionals | 15 |
| 4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations | 16 |
| 4.1 Administrative Occupations | 17 |
| 4.2 Secretarial and Related Occupations | 18 |
| 5. Skilled Trades Occupations | 19 |
| 5.1 Skilled Agricultural Trades | 20 |
| 5.2 Skilled Metal and Electrical Trades | 21 |
| 5.3 Skilled Construction and Building Trades | 22 |
| 5.4 Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades | 23 |
| 6. Personal Service Occupations | 24 |
| 6.1 Caring Personal Service Occupations | 25 |
| 6.2 Leisure and Other Personal Service Occupations | 26 |
| 7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations | 27 |
| 7.1 Sales Occupations | 28 |
| 7.2 Customer Service Occupations | 29 |
| 8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives | 30 |
| 8.1 Process, Plant and Machine Operatives | 31 |
| 8.2 Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives | 32 |
| 9. Elementary Occupations. | 33 |
| 9.1 Elementary Trades, Plant and Storage Related Occupations | 34 |
| 9.2 Elementary Administration and Service Occupations | 35 |

Footnote:

The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification).

Table UV031 NATIONAL STATISTICS SOCIO-ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION (NS-SEC)

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| 1. Higher Managerial and Professional Occupations | 2 |
| 1.1 Large employers and higher managerial occupations | 3 |
| L1 Employers in large organisations | 4 |
| L2 Higher managerial | 5 |
| 1.2 Higher professional occupations | 6 |
| L3.1 Higher professionals (traditional) - employees | 7 |
| L3.2 Higher professionals (new) - employees | 8 |
| L3.3 Higher professionals (traditional) self-employed | 9 |
| L3.4 Higher professionals (new) - self-employed | 10 |
| 2. Lower Managerial and Professional Occupations | 11 |
| L4.1 Lower professionals and higher technical (traditional) - employees | 12 |
| L4.2 Lower professionals and higher technical (new) - employees | 13 |
| L4.3 Lower professionals and higher technical (traditional) - self-employed | 14 |
| L4.4 Lower professionals and higher technical (new) - self-employed | 15 |
| L5 Lower managerial | 16 |
| L6 Higher supervisory | 17 |
| 3. Intermediate Occupations | 18 |
| L7.1 Intermediate clerical and administrative | 19 |
| L7.2 Intermediate sales and service | 20 |
| L7.3 Intermediate technical and auxiliary | 21 |
| L7.4 Intermediate engineering | 22 |
| 4. Small Employers and Own Account Workers | 23 |
| L8.1 Employers in small organisations (non-professional) | 24 |
| L8.2 Employers in small organisations (agriculture) | 25 |
| L9.1 Own account workers (non-professional) | 26 |
| L9.2 Own account workers (agriculture) | 27 |

Footnote:

1. Year last worked is 1999 or earlier.
2. Not classifiable for other reasons includes people whose occupation has not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category.
3. In the NS-SEC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.

Table UV031 NATIONAL STATISTICS SOCIO-ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION (NS-SEC)

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

| | |
|--|----|
| 5. Lower Supervisory and Technical Occupations | 28 |
| L10 Lower supervisory | 29 |
| L11.1 Lower technical craft | 30 |
| L11.2 Lower technical process operative | 31 |
| 6. Semi-Routine Occupations | 32 |
| L12.1 Semi-routine sales | 33 |
| L12.2 Semi-routine service | 34 |
| L12.3 Semi-routine technical | 35 |
| L12.4 Semi-routine operative | 36 |
| L12.5 Semi-routine agricultural | 37 |
| L12.6 Semi-routine clerical | 38 |
| L12.7 Semi-routine childcare | 39 |
| 7. Routine Occupations | 40 |
| L13.1 Routine sales and service | 41 |
| L13.2 Routine production | 42 |
| L13.3 Routine technical | 43 |
| L13.4 Routine operative | 44 |
| L13.5 Routine agricultural | 45 |
| 8. Never Worked and Long-Term Unemployed | 46 |
| L14.1 Never worked | 47 |
| L14.2 Long-term unemployed | 48 |
| Not Classified | 49 |
| L15 Full-time students | 50 |
| L16 Not classifiable for other reasons | 51 |

Footnote:

1. Year last worked is 1999 or earlier.
2. Not classifiable for other reasons includes people whose occupation has not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category.
3. In the NS-SEC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.

Table UV032 NS-SEC OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) (PEOPLE UNDER PENSIONABLE AGE)

Table population: All people under pensionable age in households

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE UNDER PENSIONABLE AGE IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| NS-SEC of HRP | |
| 1. Higher Managerial and Professional Occupations | 2 |
| 1.1 Large Employers and Higher Managerial Occupations | 3 |
| 1.2 Higher Professional Occupations | 4 |
| 2. Lower Managerial and Professional Occupations | 5 |
| 3. Intermediate Occupations | 6 |
| 4. Small Employers and Own Account Workers | 7 |
| 5. Lower Supervisory and Technical Occupations | 8 |
| 6. Semi-Routine Occupations | 9 |
| 7. Routine Occupations | 10 |
| 8. Never Worked or Long-Term Unemployed | 11 |
| Not Classified | 12 |

Footnote:

1. NS-SEC stands for National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. 'Not classified' includes people who have not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students regardless of whether they are economically active or inactive.

Table UV033 NS-SEC OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) (ALL PEOPLE)

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| NS-SEC of HRP | |
| 1. Higher Managerial and Professional Occupations | 2 |
| 1.1 Large Employers and Higher Managerial Occupations | 3 |
| 1.2 Higher Professional Occupations | 4 |
| 2. Lower Managerial and Professional Occupations | 5 |
| 3. Intermediate Occupations | 6 |
| 4. Small Employers and Own Account Workers | 7 |
| 5. Lower Supervisory and Technical Occupations | 8 |
| 6. Semi-Routine Occupations | 9 |
| 7. Routine Occupations | 10 |
| 8. Never Worked or Long-Term Unemployed | 11 |
| Not Classified | 12 |

Footnote:

1. NS-SEC stands for National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. 'Not classified' includes people who have not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students regardless of whether they are economically active or inactive.

Table UV034 INDUSTRY

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| A - Agriculture, hunting, forestry | 2 |
| B - Fishing | 3 |
| C - Mining and quarrying | 4 |
| D - Manufacturing | 5 |
| E - Electricity, gas and water supply | 6 |
| F - Construction | 7 |
| G - Wholesale and retail trade, repairs | 8 |
| H - Hotels and restaurants | 9 |
| I - Transport, storage and communications | 10 |
| J - Financial intermediation | 11 |
| K - Real estate, renting and business activities | 12 |
| L - Public administration and defence, social security | 13 |
| M - Education | 14 |
| N - Health and social work | 15 |
| O - Other community, social and personal service activities | 16 |
| P - Private households with employed persons | 17 |
| Q - Extra-territorial organisations and bodies | 18 |

Footnote:

1. The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classifications of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).

Table UV035 DISTANCE TRAVELLED TO WORK (England, Wales and Northern Ireland)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment

| | |
|----------------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Works mainly at or from home | 2 |
| Less than 2km | 3 |
| 2km to less than 5km | 4 |
| 5km to less than 10km | 5 |
| 10km to less than 20km | 6 |
| 20km to less than 30km | 7 |
| 30km to less than 40km | 8 |
| 40km to less than 60km | 9 |
| 60km and over | 10 |
| No fixed place of work | 11 |
| Working outside the UK | 12 |
| Working at offshore installation | 13 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

Table UV036 DISTANCE TRAVELLED PLACE OF WORK OR STUDY (Scotland)

Table population: All people

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Not currently working or studying | 2 |
| Works or studies mainly at or from home | 3 |
| Less than 2km | 4 |
| 2km to less than 5km | 5 |
| 5km to less than 10km | 6 |
| 10km to less than 20km | 7 |
| 20km to less than 40km | 8 |
| 40km and over | 9 |
| No fixed place of work or study | 10 |
| Working or studying outside the UK | 11 |
| Working at offshore installation | 12 |

Footnote:

The distance travelled is a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of place of residence and postcode of workplace or study.

Table UV037 METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK - DAYTIME POPULATION (England, Wales and Northern Ireland)
 Table population: All daytime population aged 16 to 74

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| DAY TIME POPULATION | 1 |
| Works mainly at or from home | 2 |
| Underground, metro, light rail, tram | 3 |
| Train | 4 |
| Bus, minibus or coach | 5 |
| Taxi or minicab | 6 |
| Driving a car or van | 7 |
| Passenger in a car or van | 8 |
| Motorcycle, scooter or moped | 9 |
| Bicycle | 10 |
| On foot | 11 |
| Other | 12 |
| Not currently working | 13 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1. In England and Wales the day-time population is defined for people aged 16-74 as those people who do not work who are resident in the area plus all people who are working in the area.
2. Counts do not include people whose usual residence was outside England and Wales

Table UV038 METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK - DAYTIME POPULATION (Scotland)

Table population: All people who are not working or studying who area resident in the area plus all people who are working or studying within the area

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Not currently working or studying | 2 |
| Works or studies mainly at or from home | 3 |
| Underground, metro, light rail, tram | 4 |
| Train | 5 |
| Bus, minibus or coach | 6 |
| Taxi or minicab | 7 |
| Driving a car or van | 8 |
| Passenger in a car or van | 9 |
| Motorcycle, scooter or moped | 10 |
| Bicycle | 11 |
| On foot | 12 |
| Other | 13 |

Footnote:

1. No fixed place: counted as if working in the area and are classified according to the means of transport used.

Table UV039 METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK - RESIDENT POPULATION

Table population: All people resident in the area aged 16 to 74

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Works mainly at or from home | 2 |
| Underground, metro, light rail, tram | 3 |
| Train | 4 |
| Bus, minibus or coach | 5 |
| Taxi or minicab | 6 |
| Driving a car or van | 7 |
| Passenger in a car or van | 8 |
| Motorcycle, scooter or moped | 9 |
| Bicycle | 10 |
| On foot | 11 |
| Other | 12 |
| Not currently working | 13 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1. Driving a car or van includes sharing driving and car-pooling in Northern Ireland.

Table UV040 METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK - RESIDENT POPULATION

Table population: All people resident in the area aged 16 to 74

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Not currently working or studying | 2 |
| Works or studies mainly at or from home | 3 |
| Underground, metro, light rail, tram | 4 |
| Train | 5 |
| Bus, minibus or coach | 6 |
| Taxi or minicab | 7 |
| Driving a car or van | 8 |
| Passenger in a car or van | 9 |
| Motorcycle, scooter or moped | 10 |
| Bicycle | 11 |
| On foot | 12 |
| Other | 13 |

Table UV041 HOURS WORKED

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment

| | |
|-------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Part-time | 2 |
| 1 to 2 hours | 3 |
| 3 to 5 hours | 4 |
| 6 to 15 hours | 5 |
| 16 to 30 hours | 6 |
| Full-time | 7 |
| 31 to 37 hours | 8 |
| 38 to 48 hours | 9 |
| 49 to 59 hours | 10 |
| 60 hours and over | 11 |

Footnote:

1. Hours worked is the average number of hours worked per week for the last four weeks prior to the Census (29 April 2001).

Table UV042 ACCOMMODATION TYPE (PEOPLE)

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| In an unshared dwelling | 2 |
| House or bungalow | 3 |
| Detached | 4 |
| Semi-detached | 5 |
| Terraced (including end-terrace) | 6 |
| Flat, maisonette or apartment | 7 |
| In a purpose-built block of flats | 8 |
| Part of a converted or shared house | 9 |
| In a commercial building | 10 |
| Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure | 11 |
| In a shared dwelling | 12 |

Footnote:

In general, a household's accommodation is defined as an unshared dwelling if all the rooms are behind a door that only that household can use.

Table UV043 TENURE (PEOPLE) (England, Wales and Northern Ireland)

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Owned | 2 |
| Owns outright | 3 |
| Owns with a mortgage or loan | 4 |
| Shared ownership | 5 |
| Social rented | 6 |
| Rented from Council (Local Authority) | 7 |
| Other social rented | 8 |
| Private rented | 9 |
| Private landlord or letting agency | 10 |
| Employer of a household member | 11 |
| Relative or friend of a household member | 12 |
| Other | 13 |
| Living rent free | 14 |

Footnote:

1. Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing Association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust. Northern Ireland, 'Rented from Council' refers to rented from the Northern Ireland Housing Executive.
2. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table UV044 TENURE (PEOPLE) (Scotland)

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Owned | 2 |
| Owns outright | 3 |
| Owns with a mortgage or loan | 4 |
| Shared ownership | 5 |
| Social rented | 6 |
| Rented from Council (Local Authority) | 7 |
| Other social rented | 8 |
| Private rented (Furnished) | 9 |
| Private landlord or letting agency | 10 |
| Employer of a household member | 11 |
| Relative or friend of a household member | 12 |
| Other | 13 |
| Private rented (Unfurnished) | 14 |
| Private landlord or letting agency | 15 |
| Employer of a household member | 16 |
| Relative or friend of a household member | 17 |
| Other | 18 |
| Living rent free | 19 |

Footnote:

1. Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing Association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.
2. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table UV045 TENURE OF PENSIONERS

Table population: All households where the Household Reference Person (HRP) is of pensionable age

| | |
|--|---|
| All households where HRP is of pensionable age | 1 |
| Owned | 2 |
| Rented from council | 3 |
| Other social rented | 4 |
| Private rented or living rent free | 5 |

Footnote:

1. The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing Association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.

'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table UV046 HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION (PEOPLE)

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| One Person | 2 |
| - pensioner | 3 |
| - other | 4 |
| One Family and no Others | 5 |
| All Pensioners | 6 |
| Married Couple Households | 7 |
| - no children | 8 |
| - with one dependent child | 9 |
| - with two or more dependent children | 10 |
| - all children non-dependent | 11 |
| Cohabiting Couple Family Households | 12 |
| - no children | 13 |
| - with one dependent child | 14 |
| - with two or more dependent children | 15 |
| - all children non-dependent | 16 |
| Lone Parent Households | 17 |
| - with one dependent child | 18 |
| - with two or more dependent children | 19 |
| - all children non-dependent | 20 |
| Other Households | 21 |
| - with one dependent child | 22 |
| - with two or more dependent children | 23 |
| - all student | 24 |
| - all pensioner | 25 |
| - other | 26 |

Footnote:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s)

Table UV047 HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION (PEOPLE) (ALTERNATIVE CLASSIFICATION)

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| One Person Households | 2 |
| 1 adult of pensionable age and no children | 3 |
| 1 adult of non-pensionable age and no children | 4 |
| Other Households | 5 |
| 1 adult of any age and 1 or more children | 6 |
| 1 adult of non-pensionable age and 1 of pensionable age and no children | |
| or 2 adults of pensionable age and no children | 7 |
| 2 adults and 1 or 2 children | 8 |
| 2 adults of non-pensionable age and no children | 9 |
| 2 adults and 3 or more children or 3 or more adults and 1 or more children | 10 |
| 3 or more adults and no children | 11 |

Footnote:

1. In this table 'adult' is used to refer to those aged 16 and over and 'children' to those aged 15 and under. This definition is to be distinguished from the standard definition of adults, children and dependent children used in other tables.

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Table UV048 PEOPLE AGED 18 TO 64 IN SINGLE-ADULT HOUSEHOLDS

Table population: All people aged 18 to 64 in households

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE AGED 18-64 IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| In single-adult households | 2 |
| In other households | 3 |

Table UV049 LIVING ARRANGEMENTS

Table population: All people aged 16 and over in households

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE AGED 16 AND OVER IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Living in a couple | 2 |
| Married (including separated) | 3 |
| Re-married | 4 |
| Cohabiting | 5 |
| of which, cohabiting as part of same-sex couple | 6 |
| Not living in a couple | 7 |
| Single (never married) | 8 |
| Married (first marriage) | 9 |
| Re-married | 10 |
| Separated (but still legally married) | 11 |
| Divorced | 12 |
| Widowed | 13 |

Table UV050 APPROXIMATED SOCIAL GRADE

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 households

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| AB Higher and intermediate managerial/administrative/professional | 2 |
| C1 Supervisory, clerical, junior managerial/administrative/professional | 3 |
| C2 Skilled manual workers | 4 |
| D Semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers | 5 |
| E On state benefit, unemployed, lowest grade workers | 6 |

Footnote:

1. Social Grade is the socio-economic classification used by the Market Research and Marketing Industries, most often in the analysis of spending habits and consumer attitudes. Although it is not possible to allocate Social Grade precisely from information collected by the 2001 Census, the Market Research Society has developed a method for using Census information to provide a good approximation of Social grade.

Table UV051 NUMBER OF PEOPLE LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS

Table population: All occupied household spaces

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| ALL OCCUPIED HOUSEHOLD SPACES | 1 |
| 1 person | 2 |
| 2 people | 3 |
| 3 people | 4 |
| 4 people | 5 |
| 5 people | 6 |
| 6 people | 7 |
| 7 people | 8 |
| 8 or more people | 9 |

Table UV052 MIGRATION (HOUSEHOLDS)

Table population: All households in the area and those having moved from the area to within the UK in the past year

| | |
|---|---|
| WHOLE HOUSEHOLDS LIVED AT SAME ADDRESS ONE YEAR AGO | 1 |
| Whole moving households | |
| Lived elsewhere one year ago within the same area | 2 |
| Inflow | |
| Lived elsewhere outside the area but within 'associated area' | 3 |
| Lived elsewhere outside the 'associated area' but within UK | 4 |
| Lived elsewhere outside the UK | 5 |
| Outflow | |
| Moved out of area but within the 'associated area' | 6 |
| Moved outside the 'associated area' but within UK | 7 |
| Partly moving households | 8 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1. One year ago is one year before the Census (29 April 2001)
2. A wholly moving household is one where all members of the household have moved from the same address.
A partly moving household include households where no household member had a usual address one year ago.
but not all members have moved from the same address.
3. Inflow is not an exact count of all people moving into an area as it does not include people who had no usual address one year ago who did not live within the area.
4. Outflow is not a count of all people moving out of the area as it does not include people who have moved outside the UK.
5. In England and Wales 'associated area' refers to Local Authority District for tables at Ward (Electoral Division in Wales); Parish (Community in Wales) or Output Area level. For all other geographical areas the 'associated area' is England and Wales.

Table UV053 HOUSING STOCK

Table population: All household spaces

| | |
|--|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLD SPACES | 1 |
| Occupied household space | 2 |
| Unoccupied household space | 3 |
| Second residence/holiday accommodation | 4 |
| Vacant household space | 5 |

Table UV054 LOCATION OF ROOMS (Northern Ireland)

Table population: All households

| | |
|--|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| All rooms used by household are located on one floor | 2 |
| All rooms used by household are not located on one floor | 3 |

Table UV055 DWELLINGS

Table population: All dwellings

| | |
|---------------|---|
| ALL DWELLINGS | 1 |
| Unshared | 2 |
| Shared | 3 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

Table UV056 ACCOMMODATION TYPE (HOUSEHOLDS)

Table population: All household spaces

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| In an unshared dwelling | 2 |
| House or Bungalow | 3 |
| Detached | 4 |
| Semi-detached | 5 |
| Terraced (including end-terrace) | 6 |
| Flat, maisonette or apartment | 7 |
| In a purpose built block of flats | 8 |
| Part of a converted or shared house | 9 |
| In a commercial building | 10 |
| Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure | 11 |
| In a shared dwelling | 12 |

Footnote:

In general, a household's accommodation is defined as an unshared dwelling if all the rooms are behind a door that only that household can use.

Table UV057 NUMBER OF ROOMS

Table population: All occupied household spaces

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| ALL OCCUPIED HOUSEHOLD SPACES | 1 |
| 1 room | 2 |
| 2 rooms | 3 |
| 3 rooms | 4 |
| 4 rooms | 5 |
| 5 rooms | 6 |
| 6 rooms | 7 |
| 7 rooms | 8 |
| 8 or more rooms | 9 |

Footnote:

1. The number of rooms available to the household excludes bathrooms, toilets, halls or landings and rooms that can only be used for storage. It also does not include any rooms shared with another household such as a shared kitchen.

Table UV058 PERSONS PER ROOM

Table population: All households

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Up to 0.5 persons per room | 2 |
| Over 0.5 and up to 1.0 persons per room | 3 |
| Over 1.0 and up to 1.5 persons per room | 4 |
| Over 1.5 persons per room | 5 |

Table UV059 OCCUPANCY RATING

Table population: All households

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Occupancy rating +2 or more | 2 |
| Occupancy rating +1 | 3 |
| Occupancy rating 0 | 4 |
| Occupancy rating -1 | 5 |
| Occupancy rating -2 or less | 6 |

Footnote:

1. The occupancy rating provides a measure of under-occupancy and overcrowding. For example a value of -1 implies that there is overcrowding in the household.

Table UV060 AMENITIES

Table population: All occupied household spaces

| | |
|--|---|
| ALL OCCUPIED HOUSEHOLD SPACES | 1 |
| With central heating | 2 |
| With sole use of bath/shower and toilet | 3 |
| Without sole use of bath/shower and toilet | 4 |
| Without central heating | 5 |
| With sole use of bath/shower and toilet | 6 |
| Without sole use of bath/shower and toilet | 7 |

Table UV061 LOWEST FLOOR LEVEL

Table population: All household spaces

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Basement or semi-basement | 2 |
| Ground floor (street level) | 3 |
| First floor | 4 |
| Second floor | 5 |
| Third or fourth floor | 6 |
| Fifth floor or higher | 7 |

Table UV062 CARS OR VANS

Table population: All households

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| No car or van | 2 |
| 1 car or van | 3 |
| 2 cars or vans | 4 |
| 3 cars or vans | 5 |
| 4 or more cars or vans | 6 |
| Total cars or vans | 7 |

Footnote:

1. Includes any company car or van if available for private use.

Table UV063 TENURE (HOUSEHOLDS) (England, Wales and Northern Ireland)
 Table population: All households

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Owned | 2 |
| Owns outright | 3 |
| Owns with a mortgage or loan | 4 |
| Shared ownership | 5 |
| Social rented | 6 |
| Rented from Council (Local Authority) | 7 |
| Other social rented | 8 |
| Private rented | 9 |
| Private landlord or letting agency | 10 |
| Employer of a household member | 11 |
| Relative or friend of a household member | 12 |
| Other | 13 |
| Living rent free | 14 |

Footnote:

1. The terms used to describe tenure are:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

In Northern Ireland 'Rented from Council' refers to rented from the Northern Ireland Housing Executive.

Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table UV064 TENURE (HOUSEHOLDS) (Scotland)

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Owned | 2 |
| Owns outright | 3 |
| Owns with a mortgage or loan | 4 |
| Shared ownership | 5 |
| Social rented | 6 |
| Rented from Council (Local Authority) | 7 |
| Other social rented | 8 |
| Private rented (Furnished) | 9 |
| Private landlord or letting agency | 10 |
| Employer of a household member | 11 |
| Relative or friend of a household member | 12 |
| Other | 13 |
| Private rented (Unfurnished) | 14 |
| Private landlord or letting agency | 15 |
| Employer of a household member | 16 |
| Relative or friend of a household member | 17 |
| Other | 18 |
| Living rent free | 19 |

Footnote:

1. The terms used to describe tenure are:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table UV065 HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION (HOUSEHOLDS)

Table population: All households

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| One person | 2 |
| Pensioner | 3 |
| Other | 4 |
| One family and no others | 5 |
| All pensioner | 6 |
| Married couple households | 7 |
| No children | 8 |
| With one dependent child | 9 |
| With two or more dependent children | 10 |
| All children non-dependent | 11 |
| Cohabiting couple family households | 12 |
| No children | 13 |
| With one dependent child | 14 |
| With two or more dependent children | 15 |
| All children non-dependent | 16 |
| Lone parent households | 17 |
| With one dependent child | 18 |
| With two or more dependent children | 19 |
| All children non-dependent | 20 |
| Other households | 21 |
| With one dependent child | 22 |
| With two or more dependent children | 23 |
| All student | 24 |
| All pensioner | 25 |
| Other | 26 |

Footnote:

1. A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s).

Table UV066 HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION (HOUSEHOLDS) (ALTERNATIVE CLASSIFICATION)

Table population: All households

| | |
|--|----|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| One person households | 2 |
| 1 adult of pensionable age and no children | 3 |
| 1 adult of non-pensionable age and no children | 4 |
| Other households | 5 |
| 1 adult of any age and 1 or more children | 6 |
| 1 adult of non-pensionable age and 1 of pensionable age and no children | |
| or 2 adults of pensionable age and no children | 7 |
| 2 adults and 1 or 2 children | 8 |
| 2 adults of non-pensionable age and no children | 9 |
| 2 adults and 3 or more children or 3 or more adults and 1 or more children | 10 |
| 3 or more adults and no children | 11 |

Footnote:

1. In this table 'adult' is used to refer to those aged 16 and over and 'children' to those aged 15 and under. This definition is to be distinguished from the standard definition of adults, children and dependent children used in other tables.

Table UV067 CLASSIFICATION OF HOUSEHOLD DEPRIVATION

Table population: All households

| | |
|--|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Household has no selected characteristic | 2 |
| Household has selected characteristics in 1 dimension | 3 |
| Household has selected characteristics in 2 dimensions | 4 |
| Household has selected characteristics in 3 dimensions | 5 |
| Household has selected characteristics in 4 dimensions | 6 |

Footnote:

1. Selected characteristics are defined within the four dimensions as follows:

Employment: Any member of the household aged 16-74 who is not a full-time student is either unemployed or permanently sick.

Education: No member of the household aged 16 to pensionable age has at least 5 GCSEs (grade A-C) or equivalent AND no member of the household aged 16-18 is in full-time education Health and disability:

Any member of the household has general health 'not good' in the year before Census or has a limiting long term illness Housing:

The household's accommodation is either overcrowded (occupancy indicator is -1 or less), OR is in a shared dwelling OR does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet OR has no central heating

2 This selection of household characteristics does not relate to any National Statistics indicator of deprivation or disadvantage.

3 The classification is independent of the DTLR Index of Multiple Deprivation."

Table UV068 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Table population: All households

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Married couple household with dependent child(ren)* | 2 |
| Married couple household with no dependent child(ren)# | 3 |
| Cohabiting couple household with dependent child(ren)** | 4 |
| Cohabiting couple household with no dependent child(ren)~ | 5 |
| Lone parent household with dependent child(ren)## | 6 |
| Lone parent Household with no dependent child(ren)*** | 7 |
| One person household | 8 |
| Multi person household all student | 9 |
| Multi person household all other | 10 |

Footnote:

1. * A household which contains one or more married couples with dependent child(ren).
2. # A household which contains one or more married couples with or without child(ren) but no married couples with dependent child(ren).
3. ** A household which contains one or more cohabiting couples with dependent child(ren) but no married couples.
4. ~ A household which contains one or more cohabiting couples with child(ren) but neither married couples nor cohabiting couples with dependent child(ren).
5. ## A household which contains one or more lone parent families with dependent child(ren) but neither married couples nor cohabiting couples.
6. *** A household which contains one or more lone parent families, but neither married couples, cohabiting couples nor lone parent families with dependent child(ren).
7. A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is in full-time student in a family with parent(s).

Table UV069 MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUPS
Table population: All households

| | |
|--|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| One person household | 2 |
| All household members in the same ethnic group | 3 |
| Different identities between generations only | 4 |
| Different identities within partnerships | 5 |
| Other combination of multiple ethnic groups | 6 |

Footnote:

1. 'Same ethnic group' means within the same group shown in the Census classification.

Table UV071 COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENT RESIDENTS

Table population: All people in communal establishments

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE IN COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENTS | 1 |
| Residents | 2 |
| Staff or owner | 3 |
| Relatives of staff or owner | 4 |

Footnote:

1. Residents excludes staff and family of staff.

Table UV073 ALL PEOPLE IN COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENTS (England and Wales)

Table population: All people in communal establishments

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE IN COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENTS | 1 |
| Medical and care establishments | 2 |
| NHS | 3 |
| Psychiatric hospital/home | 4 |
| Other hospital home | 5 |
| Local Authority | 6 |
| Children's home | 7 |
| Nursing Home | 8 |
| Residential Care Home | 9 |
| Other home | 10 |
| Housing Association | 11 |
| Home or hostel | 12 |
| Other | 13 |
| Nursing home | 14 |
| Residential Care Home | 15 |
| Children's home | 16 |
| Psychiatric hospital/home | 17 |
| Other hospital | 18 |
| Other medical and care home | 19 |
| Other establishments | 20 |
| Defence establishments (including ships) | 21 |
| Prison Service establishments | 22 |
| Probation/Bail hostel | 23 |
| Educational establishment (including Halls of Residence) | 24 |
| Hotel, Boarding House, Guest House | 25 |
| Hostel (including youth hostels, hostels for the homeless and people sleeping rough) | 26 |
| Civilian Ship, Boat or Barge | 27 |
| Other | 28 |

Table UVS73 ALL PEOPLE IN COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENTS

Table population: All people in communal establishments

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE IN COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENTS | 1 |
| Medical and care establishments | 2 |
| NHS | 3 |
| Psychiatric hospital/home | 4 |
| Other hospital home | 5 |
| Local Authority | 6 |
| Children's home | 7 |
| Nursing Home | 8 |
| Residential Care Home | 9 |
| Other home | 10 |
| Housing Association: Home or hostel | 11 |
| Other | 12 |
| Nursing home | 13 |
| Residential Care Home | 14 |
| Children's home | 15 |
| Psychiatric hospital/home | 16 |
| Other hospital | 17 |
| Other medical and care home | 18 |
| Other establishments | 19 |
| Defence establishments (including ships) | 20 |
| Prison Service establishments | 21 |
| Educational establishment (including Halls of Residence) | 23 |
| Hotel, Boarding House, Guest House | 24 |
| Hostel (including youth hostels, hostels for the homeless and people sleeping rough) | 25 |
| Civilian Ship, Boat or Barge | 26 |
| Other | 27 |

Table UV075 AGE (WORKPLACE POPULATION)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in area

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Less than 20 years old | 2 |
| 20-29 years old | 3 |
| 30-39 years old | 4 |
| 40-49 years old | 5 |
| 50-59 years old | 6 |
| More than 59 years old | 7 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

Table UV076 NS-SEC (WORKPLACE POPULATION)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in area

| | |
|---|-----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| 1. Higher managerial and professional occupations | 2 |
| 1.1 Large employers and higher managerial occupations | 3 |
| 1.2 Higher professional occupations | 4 |
| 2. lower managerial and professional occupations | 5 |
| 3. Intermediate occupations | 6 |
| 4. Small employers and own account workers | 7 |
| 5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations | 8 |
| 6. Semi-routine occupations | 9 |
| 7. Routine occupations | 10 |
| 8. Never worked and long-term unemployed | xxx |
| Not Classified | 12 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1. NS-SEC stands for National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.

Table UV077 INDUSTRY (WORKPLACE POPULATION)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in area

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing | 2 |
| C,E - Mining & Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply | 3 |
| D - Manufacturing | 4 |
| F - Construction | 5 |
| G - Wholesale & Retail trade, repair of motor vehicles | 6 |
| H - Hotels & Restaurants | 7 |
| I - Transport, Storage & Communication | 8 |
| J - Financial Intermediation | 9 |
| K - Real Estate, Renting & Business Activities | 10 |
| L - Public Administration & Defence, Social Security | 11 |
| M - Education | 12 |
| N - Health & Social Work | 13 |
| O, P, Q Other | 14 |

Footnote:

1. The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).

Table UV078 APPROXIMATED SOCIAL GRADE (WORKPLACE POPULATION)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in area

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| AB Higher and intermediate managerial/administrative/professional | 2 |
| C1 Supervisory, clerical, junior managerial/administrative/professional | 3 |
| C2 Skilled manual workers | 4 |
| D Semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers | 5 |
| E On state benefit, unemployed, lowest grade workers | 6 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1. Social Grade is the socio-economic classification used by the Market Research and Marketing Industries, most often in the analysis of spending habits and consumer attitudes. Although it is not possible to allocate Social Grade precisely from information collected by the 2001 Census, the Market Research Society has developed a method for using Census information to provide a good approximation of Social grade.
2. In this table, Social Grade has been assigned on characteristics of the individual, rather than of the Household Reference Person as is standard.

Table UV079 OCCUPATION (WORKPLACE POPULATION)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| 1. Managers and Senior Officers | 2 |
| 2. Professional Occupations | 3 |
| 3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations | 4 |
| 4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations | 5 |
| 5. Skilled Trades Occupations | 6 |
| 6. Personal Service Occupations | 7 |
| 7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations | 8 |
| 8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives | 9 |
| 9. Elementary Occupations. | 10 |

Footnote:

1. The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification).

Table UV080 DISTANCE TRAVELLED TO WORK - WORKPLACE POPULATION (England, Wales and Northern Ireland)

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in area

| | |
|------------------------------|----|
| ALL PEOPLE | 1 |
| Works mainly at or from home | 2 |
| Less than 2km | 3 |
| 2km to less than 5km | 4 |
| 5km to less than 10km | 5 |
| 10km to less than 20km | 6 |
| 20km to less than 30km | 7 |
| 30km to less than 40km | 8 |
| 40km to less than 60km | 9 |
| 60km and over | 10 |

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

In this table 'Works mainly at or from home' also includes those people in employment who are resident in the area who have no fixed workplace, work on an offshore installation or work outside the UK.

Table UV081 ARMED FORCES

Table population: All people employed in the armed forces

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| ALL ARMED FORCES | 1 |
| Living in households | 2 |
| Living in communal establishments | 3 |

Table UV082 LIVING ARRANGEMENTS

Table population: All people aged 16 and over in households

| | |
|---|----|
| ALL PEOPLE AGED 16 AND OVER IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Living in a couple | 2 |
| Married (including separated) | 3 |
| Re-married | 4 |
| Cohabiting | 5 |
| Not living in a couple | 6 |
| Single (never married) | 7 |
| Married (first marriage) | 8 |
| Re-married | 9 |
| Separated (but still legally married) | 10 |
| Divorced | 11 |
| Widowed | 12 |

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Table UV083 PERSONS PER ROOM

Table population: All people in households

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL HOUSEHOLD RESIDENTS | 1 |
| Up to 0.5 persons per room | 2 |
| Over 0.5 and up to 1.0 persons per room | 3 |
| Over 1.0 and up to 1.5 persons per room | 4 |
| Over 1.5 persons per room | 5 |

Table UV084 WELSH LANGUAGE SKILLS

Table population: All people aged 3 and over

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| All people aged 3 and over | 1 |
| Understands spoken Welsh | 2 |
| Speaks Welsh | 3 |
| Reads Welsh | 4 |
| Writes Welsh | 5 |
| Either speaks, reads or writes Welsh | 6 |

Footnote:

Note that the figure for people understanding spoken Welsh may be an under-estimate as some people who understand spoken Welsh may not have ticked this box if they have ticked a box relating to 'higher skill'.

Table UV085 RESIDENTS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY NS-SEC OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) UNDER PENSIONABLE AGE
 Table population: Resident population in households where HRP is under pensionable age

| | |
|---|----|
| RESIDENT POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| NS-Sec of Household Reference Person | |
| 1. Higher managerial and professional occupations | 2 |
| 1.1 Large employers and higher managerial occupations | 3 |
| 1.2 Higher professional occupations | 4 |
| 2. Lower managerial and professional occupations | 5 |
| 3. Intermediate occupations | 6 |
| 4. Small employers and own account workers | 7 |
| 5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations | 8 |
| 6. Semi-routine occupations | 9 |
| 7. Routine occupations | 10 |
| 8. Never worked and long-term unemployed | 11 |
| Not Classified | 12 |

Footnote:

1. NS-SEC stands for National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. 'Not classified' includes people who have not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SeC category and all full-time students regardless of whether they are economically active or inactive.

Table UV093 SAME SEX COUPLES

Table population: All people aged 16 and over in households

| | |
|---|---|
| ALL PEOPLE AGED 16 AND OVER IN HOUSEHOLDS | 1 |
| Living in same-sex couple | 2 |

Footnote:

1. The same-sex couple consists of two people of the same sex identifying the other as partner.
2. Following the publications of results on living arrangements, the ONS carried out an exercise to estimate the number of same-sex couples as shown in this table. These results are not strictly comparable with other results on living arrangements.