

Table CS001 AGE BY SEX AND RESIDENT TYPE
Table population: All people

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	ALL PEOPLE	Household Residents		Communal Establishment Residents	
		Males	Females	Males	Females
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
0 to 4	6	7	8	9	10
0	11	12	13	14	15
1	16	17	18	19	20
2	21	22	23	24	25
3	26	27	28	29	30
4	31	32	33	34	35
5 to 9	36	37	38	39	40
5	41	42	43	44	45
6	46	47	48	49	50
7	51	52	53	54	55
8	56	57	58	59	60
9	61	62	63	64	65
10 to 14	66	67	68	69	70
10	71	72	73	74	75
11	76	77	78	79	80
12	81	82	83	84	85
13	86	87	88	89	90
14	91	92	93	94	95
15 to 19	96	97	98	99	100
15	101	102	103	104	105
16	106	107	108	109	110
17	111	112	113	114	115
18	116	117	118	119	120
19	121	122	123	124	125

Footnote:

1. Communal Establishment residents includes staff and their families, other residents and people sleeping rough.

Table CS001 AGE BY SEX AND RESIDENT TYPE
Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Household Residents		Communal Establishment Residents	
		Males	Females	Males	Females
20 to 24	126	127	128	129	130
20	131	132	133	134	135
21	136	137	138	139	140
22	141	142	143	144	145
23	146	147	148	149	150
24	151	152	153	154	155
25 to 29	156	157	158	159	160
30 to 34	161	162	163	164	165
35 to 39	166	167	168	169	170
40 to 44	171	172	173	174	175
45 to 49	176	177	178	179	180
50 to 54	181	182	183	184	185
55 to 59	186	187	188	189	190
60 to 64	191	192	193	194	195
65 to 69	196	197	198	199	200
70 to 74	201	202	203	204	205
75 to 79	206	207	208	209	210
80 to 84	211	212	213	214	215
85 to 89	216	217	218	219	220
90 and over	221	222	223	224	225

Footnote:

1. Communal Establishment residents includes staff and their families, other residents and people sleeping rough.

Table CS002 AGE BY SEX AND MARITAL STATUS
Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE			Males			Females		
	Total	Married or re-married	Single, separated, divorced or widowed	Total Males	Married or re-married	Single, separated, divorced or widowed	Total Females	Married or re-married	Single, separated, divorced or widowed
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0 to 15	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
16 to 19	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
20 to 24	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
25 to 29	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
30 to 34	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
35 to 39	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
40 to 44	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
45 to 49	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
50 to 54	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
55 to 59	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
60 to 64	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
65 to 74	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
75 to 79	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
80 to 84	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
85 to 89	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
90 and over	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153

Footnotes:

1.Single is never married.

Table CS003 AGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) BY SEX AND MARITAL STATUS (HEADSHIP)
Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS			Males			Females		
	Total	Married or re-married	Single, separated, divorced or widowed	Total Males	Married or re-married	Single, separated, divorced or widowed	Total Females	Married or re-married	Single, separated, divorced or widowed
ALL HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSONS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
19 and under	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
20 to 24	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
25 to 29	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
30 to 34	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
35 to 39	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
40 to 44	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
45 to 49	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
50 to 54	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
55 to 59	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
60 to 64	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
65 to 69	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
70 to 74	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
75 to 79	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
80 to 84	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
85 to 89	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
90 and over	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153

Footnotes:

1. Single is never married.

Table CS004 AGE BY SEX AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS
 Table population: All people in households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS			Males			Females		
	Total	Living in a couple	Not living in a couple	Total	Living in a couple	Not living in a couple	Total	Living in a couple	Not living in a couple
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0 to 15	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
16 to 19	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
20 to 24	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
25 to 34	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
35 to 39	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
40 to 44	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
45 to 49	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
50 to 54	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
55 to 59	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
60 to 64	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
65 to 69	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
70 to 74	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
75 to 79	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
80 to 84	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
85 to 89	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
90 and over	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153

Table CS005 AGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) BY SEX AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS
 Table population: All HRPs in households

	ALL HRPs			Males			Females		
	Total	Living in a couple	Not living in a couple	Total	Living in a couple	Not living in a couple	Total	Living in a couple	Not living in a couple
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
19 and under	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
20 to 24	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
25 to 29	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
30 to 34	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
35 to 39	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
40 to 44	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
45 to 49	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
50 to 54	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
55 to 59	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
60 to 64	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
65 to 69	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
70 to 74	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
75 to 79	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
80 to 84	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
85 to 89	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
90 and over	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153

Table CS007 AGE OF FAMILY REFERENCE PERSON (FRP) AND NUMBER AND AGE OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN BY FAMILY TYPE

Table population: All families

	ALL FAMILIES	Lone parent family		Couple family
		Males	Females	
ALL FAMILIES	1	2	3	4
AGE OF FRP UNDER 35	5	6	7	8
- no dependent children	9	10	11	12
- one dependent child aged 0 to 4	13	14	15	16
- one dependent child aged 5 to 18	17	18	19	20
- two or more dependent children, youngest aged 0 to 4	21	22	23	24
- two or more dependent children, youngest aged 5 to 18	25	26	27	28
AGE OF FRP 35 AND OVER	29	30	31	32
- no dependent children	33	34	35	36
- one dependent child aged 0 to 4	37	38	39	40
- one dependent child aged 5 to 18	41	42	43	44
- two or more dependent children, youngest aged 0 to 4	45	46	47	48
- two or more dependent children, youngest aged 5 to 18	49	50	51	52

Footnote:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s)

Table CS008 RESIDENT TYPE AND AGE BY MIGRATION

Table population: All people in area and those having moved from the area to within the UK in the past year

	Lived at same address, or moved from within same area	Inflow	outflow	Net migration to the UK
		Lived elsewhere one year ago outside present area	Moved out of the area to the rest of the UK	
ALL PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
0 to 9	5	6	7	8
10 to 19	9	10	11	12
20 to 64	13	14	15	16
65 and over	17	18	19	20
ALL PEOPLE IN COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENTS	21	22	23	24
0 to 9	25	26	27	28
10 to 19	29	30	31	32
20 to 64	33	34	35	36
65 and over	37	38	39	40

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

2.Net migration within the UK subtracts the number of people who have moved into the area from elsewhere in the UK, from the number of people who have moved out of the area to elsewhere in the UK. It does not include people who have moved to or from outside the UK.

3.People with no usual address last year are included within 'lived at same address, or moved from within the same area'.

4.Because of the nature of migration, tables cannot be aggregated above Output Area.

5.One year ago is one year before Census day (29 April 2001).

6.Inflow is not an exact count of people moving into an area as it does not include people who had no usual address one year ago who did not live within the area.

7.Outflow is not account of all people moving out of the area as it does not include people who have moved outside the UK.

Table CS009 AGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) AND NUMBER OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN BY MIGRATION OF HOUSEHOLDS

Table population: All people in area and those having moved from the area to within the UK in the past year

	Whole household at same address one year ago, or moved from within the same area	Wholly moving households		Partly moving households
		Inflow	outflow	
		Lived elsewhere one year ago outside present area	Moved out of the area to the rest of the UK	
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
AGE OF HRP UNDER 50 YEARS	5	6	7	8
- no dependent children	9	10	11	12
- with dependent children	13	14	15	16
AGE OF HRP 50 YEARS AND OVER	17	18	19	20
- no dependent children	21	22	23	24
- with dependent children	25	26	27	28

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

2. Persons under one year old take the migration characteristics of their next of kin, i.e. a household containing a child under one year old where all other people in the household have not moved in the last year is recorded as 'Whole household lived at the same address one year ago' rather than a partly moving household.

3. A wholly moving household is one where all members of the household have moved from the same address.

4. Partly moving households' include households where no household member had a usual address one year ago.

5. One year ago is one year before Census day (29 April 2001).

6. In 'Migration': Inflow is not an exact count of people moving into an area as it does not include people who had no usual address one year ago who did not live within the area. Outflow is not a count of all people moving out of the area as it does not include people who have moved outside the UK.

7. A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

Table CS010 HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION BY MIGRATION OF HOUSEHOLDS

Table population: All households in area and those having moved from the area to within the UK in the past year

	Whole household at same address one year ago, or moved from within the same area	Wholly moving households		Partly moving households
		Inflow	Outflow	
		Lived elsewhere one year ago outside present area	Moved out of the area to the rest of the UK	
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
One person household	5	6	7	8
- pensioner	9	10	11	12
- other	13	14	15	16
One Family and no others	17	18	19	20
All pensioners	21	22	23	24
Couple Family Households	25	26	27	28
- no children	29	30	31	32
- with dependent child(ren)	33	34	35	36
- all children non-dependent	37	38	39	40
Lone Parent Family Households	41	42	43	44
- with dependent child(ren)	45	46	47	48
- all children non-dependent	49	50	51	52
Other Households	53	54	55	56

Footnote:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

2. Persons under one year old take the migration characteristics of their next of kin, i.e. a household containing a child under one year old where all other people in the household have not moved in the last year is recorded as 'Whole household lived at the same address one year ago' rather than a partly moving household.

3. A wholly moving household is one where all members of the household have moved from the same address.

4. Partly moving households' include households where no household member had a usual address one year ago.

5. One year ago is one year before Census day (29 April 2001).

6. A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

Table CS011 FAMILY COMPOSITION BY AGE OF FAMILY REFERENCE PERSON (FRP)

Table population: All families

	ALL FRPs	29 and under	30 to 44	45 to 64	65 and over
ALL FAMILIES	1	2	3	4	5
Concealed families	6	7	8	9	10
Lone parent families	11	12	13	14	15
with dependent child(ren)	16	17	18	19	20
with non-dependent child(ren) only	21	22	23	24	25
Couple families	26	27	28	29	30
with no children	31	32	33	34	35
with dependent child(ren)	36	37	38	39	40
with non-dependent child(ren) only	41	42	43	44	45
Unconcealed families	46	47	48	49	50
with no children	51	52	53	54	55
with dependent child(ren)	56	57	58	59	60
with non-dependent child(ren) only	61	62	63	64	65

Footnote:

- 1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is an full-time student in a family with parent(s).
- 2.A 'concealed family' is one that does not contain the household reference person.

Table CSS11 FAMILY COMPOSITION BY AGE OF FAMILY REFERENCE PERSON (FRP)

Table population: All families

	ALL FRPs	24 and under	25 to 34	35 to 49	50 and over
ALL FAMILIES	1	2	3	4	5
Concealed families	6	7	8	9	10
Lone parent families	11	12	13	14	15
with dependent child(ren)	16	17	18	19	20
with non-dependent child(ren) only	21	22	23	24	25
Couple families	26	27	28	29	30
with no children	31	32	33	34	35
with dependent child(ren)	36	37	38	39	40
with non-dependent child(ren) only	41	42	43	44	45
Unconcealed families	46	47	48	49	50
with no children	51	52	53	54	55
with dependent child(ren)	56	57	58	59	60
with non-dependent child(ren) only	61	62	63	64	65

Footnote:

- 1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is an full-time student in a family with parent(s).
- 2.A 'concealed family' is one that does not contain the Household Reference Person. This will occur where there is more than one family living in a household. The members of these families may or may not be related.

Table CS012 SCHOOL CHILDREN AND STUDENTS IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION LIVING AWAY FROM HOME IN TERM-TIME BY AGE

Table population: All schoolchildren and students in full time education who would reside in the area were they not living away from home during term-time

	ALL STUDENTS AND SCHOOLCHILDREN	Under 10	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 34	35 and over
ALL SCHOOLCHILDREN AND STUDENTS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Males	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Females	15	16	17	18	19	20	21

Table CS013 AGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) AND TENURE BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF HRP

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Table population: All households with household reference person (HRP) aged 16 to 74

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Economically active					Economically inactive
		Total	Employee	Self-employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Age of HRP 16 to 24	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Owned	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rented from council	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Other social rented	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Private rented or living rent free	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
Age of HRP 25 to 34	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
Owned	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
Rented from council	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Other social rented	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Private rented or living rent free	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
Age of HRP 35 to 44	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
Owned	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Rented from council	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Other social rented	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
Private rented or living rent free	106	107	108	109	110	111	112

Footnotes:

1. The terms used to describe tenure as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying rent and part mortgage (shared ownership). Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing co-operative and Charitable Trust. Rented from Council' refers to Rented from Council (local authority) Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland. Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3. Pensionable age at the time of the Census (29 April 2001) was 65 for men and 60 for women.

Table CS013 AGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) AND TENURE BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF HRP

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All households with household reference person (HRP) aged 16 to 74

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Economically active					Economically inactive
		Total	Employee	Self-employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	
Age of HRP 45 to 54	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
Owned	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
Rented from council	127	128	129	130	131	132	133
Other social rented	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
Private rented or living rent free	141	142	143	144	145	146	147
Age of HRP 55 to Pensionable age	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
Owned	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
Rented from council	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
Other social rented	169	170	171	172	173	174	175
Private rented or living rent free	176	177	178	179	180	181	182
Age of HRP Pensionable age to 74	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
Owned	190	191	192	193	194	195	196
Rented from council	197	198	199	200	201	202	203
Other social rented	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
Private rented or living rent free	211	212	213	214	215	216	217

Footnotes:

1.The terms used to describe tenure as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying rent and part mortgage (shared ownership). Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing co-operative and Charitable Trust. Rented from Council' refers to Rented from Council (local authority) Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland. Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3.Pensionable age at the time of the Census (29 April 2001) was 65 for men and 60 for women.

Table CS014 AGE AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE (ADULTS)

Table population: All adults in households

	ALL ADULTS	Adults in a couple household	Adults not in a couple household
ALL ADULTS	1	2	3
16 to 24	4	5	6
- no dependent children in household	7	8	9
- dependent child(ren) in household	10	11	12
25 to 34	13	14	15
- no dependent children in household	16	17	18
- dependent child(ren) in household	19	20	21
35 to 44	22	23	24
- no dependent children in household	25	26	27
- dependent child(ren) in household	28	29	30
45 to 54	31	32	33
- no dependent children in household	34	35	36
- dependent child(ren) in household	37	38	39
55 to pensionable age	40	41	42
- no dependent children in household	43	44	45
- dependent child(ren) in household	46	47	48
PENSIONABLE AGE TO 74	49	50	51
75 AND OVER	52	53	54

Footnotes:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full time student in a family with parent(s). An Adult in a household is defined as a person who is not a dependent child.

2.A couple household contains at least one couple family with or without other families or individuals.

Table CS015 COUNTRY OF BIRTH BY SEX
 Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Males	Females
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3
United Kingdom	4	5	6
England	7	8	9
Scotland	10	11	12
Northern Ireland	13	14	15
Wales	16	17	18
UK part not specified	19	20	21
Republic of Ireland	22	23	24
Ireland part not specified	25	26	27
Channel Islands and Isle of Man	28	29	30
EU countries	31	32	33
Non EU countries in Western Europe	34	35	36
Eastern Europe	37	38	39
Africa	40	41	42
Asia	43	44	45
North America	46	47	48
South America	49	50	51
Oceania	52	53	54
Other	55	56	57

Footnotes:

1. The European Union as defined on Census day (29 April 2001).
2. 'Other' consists of people born at sea or in the air, or with a country of birth not stated.
3. People born in Central America have been included in North America.

Table CSS15 COUNTRY OF BIRTH BY SEX
 Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Males	Females
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3
Europe	4	5	6
United Kingdom	7	8	9
England	10	11	12
Scotland	13	14	15
Northern Ireland	16	17	18
Wales	19	20	21
UK part not specified	22	23	24
Republic of Ireland	25	26	27
Ireland part not specified	28	29	30
Channel Islands and Isle of Man	31	32	33
Other Western Europe	34	35	36
EU countries	37	38	39
Non EU countries	40	41	42
Eastern Europe	43	44	45
Africa	46	47	48
Asia	49	50	51
North America	52	53	54
South America	55	56	57
Oceania	58	59	60
Other	61	62	63

Footnotes:

1. The European Union as defined on Census day (29 April 2001).
2. 'Other' consists of people born at sea or in the air, or with a country of birth not stated.
3. People born in Central America have been included in North America.

Table CS016 SEX AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE			Good or Fairly Good Health			Not Good Health		
	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0 to 15	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
16 to 34	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
35 to 49	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
50 to 59	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
60 to 64	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
65 to 84	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
85 and over	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Males	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
0 to 15	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
16 to 34	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
35 to 49	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
50 to 59	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
60 to 64	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
65 to 84	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
85 and over	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
Females	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153
0 to 15	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
16 to 34	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171
35 to 49	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
50 to 59	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
60 to 64	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
65 to 84	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207
85 and over	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216

Footnotes:

1.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census (29 April 2001).

Table CS017 TENURE AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS
Table population: All people in households

Page 1 of 2

	ALL PEOPLE			Good or Fairly Good Health			Not Good Health		
	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0 to 15	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
16 to 34	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
35 to 49	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
50 to 59	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
60 to 64	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
65 to 84	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
85 and over	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Owned	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
0 to 15	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
16 to 34	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
35 to 49	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
50 to 59	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
60 to 64	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
65 to 84	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
85 and over	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
Social Rented	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153
0 to 15	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
16 to 34	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171
35 to 49	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
50 to 59	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
60 to 64	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
65 to 84	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207
85 and over	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216

Footnotes:

1.The terms used to describe tenure as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership). Social rented includes both 'Rented from Council and rented from 'Registered Social Landlord or Housing association. 'Rented from Council' refers to Rented from Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

2.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census (29 April 2001).

Table CS017 TENURE AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS
 Table population: All people in households

Page 2 of 2

	ALL PEOPLE			Good or Fairly Good Health			Not Good Health		
	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness
Private rented or living rent free	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225
0 to 15	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234
16 to 34	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243
35 to 49	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252
50 to 59	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261
60 to 64	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270
65 to 84	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279
85 and over	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288

Footnotes:

1.The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).Social rented includes both 'Rented from Council and rented from 'Registered Social Landlord or Housing association. 'Rented from Council' refers to Rented from Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

2.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census (29 April 2001).

Table CS018 SEX AND AMENITIES AND CENTRAL HEATING BY GENERAL HEALTH AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE			Good or Fairly Good Health			Not Good Health		
	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Has sole use of bath/shower and toilet	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Central heating	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
No central heating	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
Central heating	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
No central heating	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
MALES	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Has sole use of bath/shower and toilet	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
Central heating	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
No central heating	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
Central heating	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
No central heating	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
FEMALES	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
Has sole use of bath/shower and toilet	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
Central heating	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153
No central heating	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
Does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171
Central heating	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
No central heating	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189

Footnotes:

1.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census

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Table CS019 GENERAL HEALTH AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS AND OCCUPANCY RATING BY AGE

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE	0 to 15	16 to 34	35 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 84	85 and over
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
With a limiting long-term illness	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
+1 or more	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
0	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
-1 or less	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Without a limiting long-term illness	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
+1 or more	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
0	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
-1 or less	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Good or Fairly Good Health	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
With a limiting long-term illness	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
+1 or more	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
0	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
-1 or less	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Without a limiting long-term illness	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
+1 or more	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
0	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
-1 or less	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
Not good health	127	128	129	130	131	132	133
With a limiting long-term illness	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
+1 or more	141	142	143	144	145	146	147
0	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
-1 or less	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
Without a limiting long-term illness	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
+1 or more	169	170	171	172	173	174	175
0	176	177	178	179	180	181	182
-1 or less	183	184	185	186	187	188	189

Footnotes:

- 1.The occupancy rating provides a measure of under-occupancy and overcrowding. For example a value of -1 implies that there is one room too few and there is overcrowding in the household. It assumes that every household, including one person households, requires a minimum of two common rooms (excluding bathrooms).
- 2.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census (29 April 2001).

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Table CS020 LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS AND AGE BY ACCOMMODATION TYPE AND LOWEST FLOOR LEVEL OF ACCOMMODATION

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE	A caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	Other Accommodation - Lowest floor level of accommodation		
			Basement to ground floor	First to fourth floor	Fifth floor or higher
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
0 to 4	6	7	8	9	10
5 to 15	11	12	13	14	15
16 to 34	16	17	18	19	20
35 to 49	21	22	23	24	25
50 to 59	26	27	28	29	30
60 to 64	31	32	33	34	35
65 to 84	36	37	38	39	40
85 and over	41	42	43	44	45
With a limiting long-term illness	46	47	48	49	50
0 to 4	51	52	53	54	55
5 to 15	56	57	58	59	60
16 to 34	61	62	63	64	65
35 to 49	66	67	68	69	70
50 to 59	71	72	73	74	75
60 to 64	76	77	78	79	80
65 to 84	81	82	83	84	85
85 and over	86	87	88	89	90
Without a limiting long-term illness	91	92	93	94	95
0 to 4	96	97	98	99	100
5 to 15	101	102	103	104	105
16 to 34	106	107	108	109	110
35 to 49	111	112	113	114	115
50 to 59	116	117	118	119	120
60 to 64	121	122	123	124	125
65 to 84	126	127	128	129	130
85 and over	131	132	133	134	135

Table CS021 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY SEX AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE			Males			Females		
	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Economically Active	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Employed	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Part-time	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Full-time	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
Unemployed	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Full-time student	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Economically Inactive	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Retired	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
Student	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Looking after home/family	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Permanently sick or disabled	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
Other	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117

Footnotes:

1. For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.

Table CS022 SEX AND NUMBER OF CARS OR VANS IN HOUSEHOLD BY GENERAL HEALTH AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE			Good or Fairly Good Health			Not Good Health		
	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
No cars or vans in household	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1 or more car(s) or van(s) in household	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Males	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
No cars or vans in household	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
1 or more car(s) or van(s) in household	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Females	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
No cars or vans in household	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
1 or more car(s) or van(s) in household	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81

Footnotes:

- 1.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census (29 April 2001)
- 2.Cars or vans includes company car or van if available for private use.

Table CS023 AGE AND GENERAL HEALTH BY NS-SeC

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Higher managerial and professional occupations	Lower managerial and professional occupations	Intermediate occupations	Small employers and own account workers	Lower supervisory and technical occupations	Semi-routine occupations
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
16 to 34	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Good and Fairly Good Health	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Not Good Health	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
35 to 49	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Good and Fairly Good Health	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
Not Good Health	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
50 to Pensionable age	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
Good and Fairly Good Health	81	82	83	84	85	86	87
Not Good Health	91	92	93	94	95	96	97
Pensionable age to 74	101	102	103	104	105	106	107
Good and Fairly Good Health	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
Not Good Health	121	122	123	124	125	126	127

Footnotes:

1.NS-SeC stands for the National Statistics Socio-economic Classification.

2.Not classified includes people whose occupation has not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SeC category.

3.General Health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census(29 April 2001).

4.For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.

5.Pensionable ages at the time of the Census (29 April 2001) was 65 for men and 60 for women.

6.In the NS-SeC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

Table CS023 AGE AND GENERAL HEALTH BY NS-SeC

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	Routine occupations	Never worked and long term unemployed	Full-time students and not classified for other reasons
ALL PEOPLE	8	9	10
16 to 34	18	19	20
Good and Fairly Good Health	28	29	30
Not Good Health	38	39	40
35 to 49	48	49	50
Good and Fairly Good Health	58	59	60
Not Good Health	68	69	70
50 to Pensionable age	78	79	80
Good and Fairly Good Health	88	89	90
Not Good Health	98	99	100
Pensionable age to 74	108	109	110
Good and Fairly Good Health	118	119	120
Not Good Health	128	129	130

Footnotes:

1.NS-SeC stands for the National Statistics Socio-economic Classification.

2.Not classified includes people whose occupation has not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SeC category.

3.In the NS-SeC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

4.General Health refers to health over the last twelve months before the Census(29 April 2001).

5.For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.

6.Pensionable ages at the time of the Census (29 April 2001) was 65 for men and 60 for women.

Table CS024 AGE AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS BY NS-SeC
 Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

Page 1 of 2

	ALL PEOPLE	Higher managerial and professional occupations	Lower managerial and professional occupations	Intermediate occupations	Small employers and own account workers	Lower supervisory and technical occupations	Semi-routine occupations
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
16 to 34	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
35 to 49	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
50 to Pensionable age	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	81	82	83	84	85	86	87
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	91	92	93	94	95	96	97
Pensionable age to 74	101	102	103	104	105	106	107
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	121	122	123	124	125	126	127

Footnotes:

1.NS-SeC stands for the National Statistics Socio-economic Classification.

2.Not classified includes people whose occupation has not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SeC category.

3.In the NS-SeC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

4.Pensionable ages at the time of the Census (29 April 2001) was 65 for men and 60 for women.

Table CS024 AGE AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS BY NS-SeC
 Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

Page 2 of 2

	Routine occupations	Never worked and long term unemployed	Full-time students and not classified for other reasons
ALL PEOPLE	8	9	10
16 to 34	18	19	20
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	28	29	30
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	38	39	40
35 to 49	48	49	50
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	58	59	60
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	68	69	70
50 to Pensionable age	78	79	80
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	88	89	90
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	98	99	100
Pensionable age to 74	108	109	110
With Limiting Long-Term Illness	118	119	120
Without Limiting Long-Term Illness	128	129	130

Footnotes:

1.NS-SeC stands for the National Statistics Socio-economic Classification.

2.Not classified includes people whose occupation has not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SeC category.

3.In the NS-SeC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

4.Pensionable ages at the time of the Census (29 April 2001) was 65 for men and 60 for women.

Table CS025 SEX AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE
Table population: All people in households

Page 1 of 2

	ALL PEOPLE					Good Health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care			Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ALL PEOPLE										
0 to 15	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
16 to 34	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
35 to 49	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
50 to 59	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
60 to 64	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
65 to 84	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
85 and over	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
Males	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
0 to 15	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
16 to 34	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
35 to 49	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230
50 to 59	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250
60 to 64	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270
65 to 84	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290
85 and over	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310
Females	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330
0 to 15	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350
16 to 34	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370
35 to 49	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390
50 to 59	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410
60 to 64	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430
65 to 84	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450
85 and over	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470

Footnotes:

1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.

2.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the census (29 April 2001)

Table CS025 SEX AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people in households

	Fairly Good Health					Not Good Health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care			Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours
ALL PEOPLE	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0 to 15	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
16 to 34	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
35 to 49	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
50 to 59	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
60 to 64	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
65 to 84	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
85 and over	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
Males	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
0 to 15	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
16 to 34	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220
35 to 49	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240
50 to 59	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260
60 to 64	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280
65 to 84	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300
85 and over	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320
Females	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340
0 to 15	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360
16 to 34	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380
35 to 49	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400
50 to 59	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420
60 to 64	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440
65 to 84	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460
85 and over	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480

Footnotes:

1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.

2.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the census (29 April 2001)

Table CSS25 SEX AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE					Good or fairly good health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care			Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			1 - 19 hours	20 to 49 hours	50 or more hours			1 - 19 hours	20 to 49 hours	50 or more hours
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ALL PEOPLE	166	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115
0 to 15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
16 to 34	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
35 to 49	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
50 to 59	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
60 to 64	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85
65 to 84	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
85 and over	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115
Males	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
0 to 15	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145
16 to 34	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
35 to 49	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175
50 to 59	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
60 to 64	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205
65 to 84	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220
85 and over	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235
Females	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250
0 to 15	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265
16 to 34	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280
35 to 49	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295
50 to 59	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310
60 to 64	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325
65 to 84	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340
85 and over	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355

Footnotes:

1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.

2.General health refers to health over the last twelve months before the census (29 April 2001)

Table CSS25 SEX AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people in households

	Not good health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			1 - 19 hours	20 to 49 hours	50 or more hours
ALL PEOPLE	11	12	13	14	15
0 to 15	26	27	28	29	30
16 to 34	41	42	43	44	45
35 to 49	56	57	58	59	60
50 to 59	71	72	73	74	75
60 to 64	86	87	88	89	90
65 to 84	101	102	103	104	105
85 and over	116	117	118	119	120
Males	131	132	133	134	135
0 to 15	146	147	148	149	150
16 to 34	161	162	163	164	165
35 to 49	176	177	178	179	180
50 to 59	191	192	193	194	195
60 to 64	206	207	208	209	210
65 to 84	221	222	223	224	225
85 and over	236	237	238	239	240
Females	251	252	253	254	255
0 to 15	266	267	268	269	270
16 to 34	281	282	283	284	285
35 to 49	296	297	298	299	300
50 to 59	311	312	313	314	315
60 to 64	326	327	328	329	330
65 to 84	341	342	343	344	345
85 and over	356	357	358	359	360

Footnotes:

1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.

2.General health refers to health over the twelve months prior to Census day (29 April 2001)

Table CS026 SEX AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

Page 1 of 4

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE					Good or Fairly Good Health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care			Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ALL PEOPLE										
Economically Active	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Employed - part-time	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Employed - full-time	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
Unemployed	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Full-time student	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85
Economically inactive	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Retired	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115
Student	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
Looking after home/family	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145
Permanently sick or disabled	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
Other	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175
Males	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
Economically Active	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205
Employed - part-time	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220
Employed - full-time	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235
Unemployed	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250
Full-time student	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265
Economically inactive	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280
Retired	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295
Student	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310
Looking after home/family	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325
Permanently sick or disabled	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340
Other	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355

Footnotes:

- 1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.
- 2.For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.
- 3.General health refers to health over the twelve months prior to census day (29 April 2001)

Table CS026 SEX AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

Page 2 of 4

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE					Good or Fairly Good Health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care			Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours
Females	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370
Economically Active	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385
Employed - part-time	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400
Employed - full-time	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415
Unemployed	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430
Full-time student	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445
Economically inactive	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460
Retired	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475
Student	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490
Looking after home/family	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505
Permanently sick or disabled	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520
Other	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535

Footnotes:

- 1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.
- 2.For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.
- 3.General health refers to health over the twelve months prior to census day (29 April 2001)

Table CS026 SEX AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

Page 3 of 4

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	Not Good Health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours
ALL PEOPLE	11	12	13	14	15
Economically Active	26	27	28	29	30
Employed - part-time	41	42	43	44	45
Employed - full-time	56	57	58	59	60
Unemployed	71	72	73	74	75
Full-time student	86	87	88	89	90
Economically inactive	101	102	103	104	105
Retired	116	117	118	119	120
Student	131	132	133	134	135
Looking after home/family	146	147	148	149	150
Permanently sick or disabled	161	162	163	164	165
Other	176	177	178	179	180
Males	191	192	193	194	195
Economically Active	206	207	208	209	210
Employed - part-time	221	222	223	224	225
Employed - full-time	236	237	238	239	240
Unemployed	251	252	253	254	255
Full-time student	266	267	268	269	270
Economically inactive	281	282	283	284	285
Retired	296	297	298	299	300
Student	311	312	313	314	315
Looking after home/family	326	327	328	329	330
Permanently sick or disabled	341	342	343	344	345
Other	356	357	358	359	360

Footnotes:

- 1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.
- 2.For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.
- 3.General health refers to health over the twelve months prior to census day (29 April 2001)

Table CS026 SEX AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY GENERAL HEALTH AND PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

Page 4 of 4

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	Not Good Health				
	Total	Provides no care	Provides care		
			Provides 1 to 19 hours	Provides 20 to 49 hours	Provides 50 or more hours
Females	371	372	373	374	375
Economically Active	386	387	388	389	390
Employed - part-time	401	402	403	404	405
Employed - full-time	416	417	418	419	420
Unemployed	431	432	433	434	435
Full-time student	446	447	448	449	450
Economically inactive	461	462	463	464	465
Retired	476	477	478	479	480
Student	491	492	493	494	495
Looking after home/family	506	507	508	509	510
Permanently sick or disabled	521	522	523	524	525
Other	536	537	538	539	540

Footnotes:

- 1.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.
- 2.For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.
- 3.General health refers to health over the twelve months prior to census day (29 April 2001)

Table CS027 HOUSEHOLDS WITH A PERSON WITH A LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS (LLTI) AND THEIR AGE BY NUMBER OF CARERS IN HOUSEHOLD AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY
Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	No carer in household	One carer in household								Two or more carers in household
			Total working	Working part-time outside the home	Working at home part-time	Working full-time outside the home	Working at home full-time	Unemployed	Economically active full-time students	Economically Inactive	
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Households with no people with a LLTI in them	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Households with only one resident with a LLTI who is also the only carer	23	xxx	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	xxx
Households with one resident with a LLTI	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
- aged 0 to 15	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
- aged 16 to 44	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66
- aged 45 to 59	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
- aged 60 to 64	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
- aged 65 to 74	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
- aged 75 and over	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
Households with two or more residents with a LLTI	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121

Footnotes:

- 1.A carer is a person who provides unpaid care.
- 2.The term 'care' covers any unpaid help, looking after or supporting family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age in a typical week.
- 3.For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.
- 4.Economically inactive includes carers under 16 and over 74.
- 5.'Total working' excludes full-time students who are working.

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Table CS028 SEX AND AGE BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically Active					Economically Inactive			
		Total	Employee	Self-employed	Unemployed	Full-time student	Total	Retired	Student	Other economically inactive
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
16 to 17	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
18 to 19	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
20 to 24	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
25 to 34	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
35 to 54	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
55 to 59	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
60 to 64	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
65 to 74	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Males	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
16 to 17	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
18 to 19	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
20 to 24	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
25 to 34	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
35 to 54	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
55 to 59	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
60 to 64	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
65 to 74	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
Females	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
16 to 17	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
18 to 19	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
20 to 24	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220
25 to 34	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230
35 to 54	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240
55 to 59	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250
60 to 64	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260
65 to 74	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270

Footnotes:

1. 'Other economically inactive' includes looking after home/family, permanently sick or disabled or other.

Table CS029 SEX AND AGE BY HOURS WORKED

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Part-time			Full-time			
		Total (Part-time)	1 to 15 hours	16 to 30 hours	Total (Full-time)	31 to 37 hours	38 to 48 hours	49 or more hours
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
16 to 17	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
18 to 19	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
20 to 24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
25 to 34	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
35 to 54	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
55 to 59	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
60 to 64	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
65 to 74	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Males	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
16 to 17	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
18 to 19	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
20 to 24	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
25 to 34	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
35 to 54	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
55 to 59	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128
60 to 64	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136
65 to 74	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
Females	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152
16 to 17	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
18 to 19	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
20 to 24	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176
25 to 34	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184
35 to 54	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192
55 to 59	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
60 to 64	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208
65 to 74	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216

Footnotes:

1. Hours worked is the average number of hours per week worked for the last four weeks before the Census (29 April 2001).

Table CSS29 SEX AND AGE BY HOURS WORKED

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Part-time			Full-time			
		Total (Part-time)	1 to 15 hours	16 to 30 hours	Total (Full-time)	31 to 37 hours	38 to 48 hours	49 or more hours
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
16 to 17	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
18 to 19	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
20 to 24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
25 to 34	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
35 to 49	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
50 to 59	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
60 to 64	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
65 to 74	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Males	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
16 to 17	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
18 to 19	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
20 to 24	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
25 to 34	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
35 to 49	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
50 to 59	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128
60 to 64	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136
65 to 74	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
Females	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152
16 to 17	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
18 to 19	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
20 to 24	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176
25 to 34	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184
35 to 49	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192
50 to 59	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
60 to 64	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208
65 to 74	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216

Footnotes:

1. Hours worked is the average number of hours per week worked for the last four weeks before the Census (29 April 2001).
2. 'Working' means all people aged 16 to 74 who are working whether full-time student or not.

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Table CS030 SEX AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY LIVING ARRANGEMENTS

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in households

	ALL PEOPLE	Living in a couple	Not living in a couple
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3
Economically Active	4	5	6
Employed - Part-time	7	8	9
Employed - Full-time	10	11	12
Unemployed	13	14	15
Full-time student	16	17	18
Economically Inactive	19	20	21
Retired	22	23	24
Student	25	26	27
Looking after home/family	28	29	30
Permanently sick or disabled	31	32	33
Other	34	35	36
Males	37	38	39
Economically Active	40	41	42
Employed - Part-time	43	44	45
Employed - Full-time	46	47	48
Unemployed	49	50	51
Full-time student	52	53	54
Economically Inactive	55	56	57
Retired	58	59	60
Student	61	62	63
Looking after home/family	64	65	66
Permanently sick or disabled	67	68	69
Other	70	71	72
Females	73	74	75
Economically Active	76	77	78
Employed - Part-time	79	80	81
Employed - Full-time	82	83	84
Unemployed	85	86	87
Full-time student	88	89	90
Economically Inactive	91	92	93
Retired	94	95	96
Student	97	98	99
Looking after home/family	100	101	102
Permanently sick or disabled	103	104	105
Other	106	107	108

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Table CS031 FAMILY COMPOSITION AND NUMBER OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Table population: All parents aged 16 to 74 with dependent children

	ALL PARENTS	All Parents			
		Employed Part-time	Employed Full-time	Unemployed	Economically Inactive
ALL PARENTS	1	2	3	4	5
Both parents working					
Couple family	6	7	8	xxx	xxx
1 dependent child	11	12	13	xxx	xxx
2 or more dependent children	16	17	18	xxx	xxx
One parent working	21	22	23	24	25
Lone parent family	26	27	28	xxx	xxx
1 dependent child	31	32	33	xxx	xxx
2 or more dependent children	36	37	38	xxx	xxx
Couple family	41	42	43	44	45
1 dependent child	46	47	48	49	50
2 or more dependent children	51	52	53	54	55
No working parents	56	xxx	xxx	59	60
Lone parent family	61	xxx	xxx	64	65
1 dependent child	66	xxx	xxx	69	70
2 or more dependent children	71	xxx	xxx	74	75
Couple family	76	xxx	xxx	79	80
1 dependent child	81	xxx	xxx	84	85
2 or more dependent children	86	xxx	xxx	89	90

Footnotes:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

2.Couple families include both married couple families and cohabiting couple families

3.Economically active full-time students are shown in the appropriate column.

Table CS032 SEX AND AGE AND LEVEL OF QUALIFICATIONS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active				Economically inactive			
		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	Total	Retired	Student	Other economically inactive
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
16 to 24	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
No qualifications	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Lower level qualifications	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Higher level qualifications	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
25 to 34	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
No qualifications	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Lower level qualifications	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Higher level qualifications	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
35 to 49	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
No qualifications	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Lower level qualifications	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
Higher level qualifications	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
50 to 74	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
No qualifications	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
Lower level qualifications	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
Higher level qualifications	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153
Males	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
16 to 24	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171
No qualifications	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
Lower level qualifications	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
Higher level qualifications	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
25 to 34	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207
No qualifications	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216
Lower level qualifications	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225
Higher level qualifications	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234
35 to 49	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243
No qualifications	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252
Lower level qualifications	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261
Higher level qualifications	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270
50 to 74	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279
No qualifications	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288
Lower level qualifications	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297
Higher level qualifications	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306

Footnotes:

1. The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualifications. The term 'lower level ' qualifications is used to describe qualifications equivalent to levels 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (i.e. GCSE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'Higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (i.e. first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

2. 'Other economically inactive' includes looking after home/family, permanently sick or disabled and other.

Table CS032 SEX AND AGE AND LEVEL OF QUALIFICATIONS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY
 Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

Page 2 of 2

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active				Economically inactive			
		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	Total	Retired	Student	Other economically inactive
Females	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315
16 to 24	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324
No qualifications	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333
Lower level qualifications	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342
Higher level qualifications	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351
25 to 34	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360
No qualifications	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369
Lower level qualifications	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378
Higher level qualifications	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387
35 to 49	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396
No qualifications	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405
Lower level qualifications	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414
Higher level qualifications	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423
50 to 74	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432
No qualifications	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441
Lower level qualifications	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450
Higher level qualifications	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459

Footnotes:

1. The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualifications. The term 'lower level ' qualifications is used to describe qualifications equivalent to levels 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (i.e. GCSE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'Higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (i.e. first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

2. 'Other economically inactive' includes looking after home/family, permanently sick or disabled and other.

Table CSS32 SEX AND AGE AND LEVEL OF QUALIFICATIONS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Page 1 of 3

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active				Economically inactive			
		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	Total	Retired	Student	Other economically inactive
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
16 to 24	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Groups 1 and 2	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Groups 3 and 4	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
25 to 34	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Groups 1 and 2	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
Groups 3 and 4	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
35 to 49	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Groups 1 and 2	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
Groups 3 and 4	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
50 to 74	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
Groups 1 and 2	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
Groups 3 and 4	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153

Footnotes:

1. The highest level of qualification is defined as:

Group 1: 'O' Grade, Standard Grade, Intermediate 1, Intermediate 2, City and Guilds Craft, SVQ level 1 or 2 or equivalent.

Group 2: Higher Grade, CSYS, ONC, OND, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, RSA Advanced Diploma, SVQ level 3 or equivalent.

Group 3: HND, HNC, RSA Higher Diploma, SVQ level 4 or 5 or equivalent

Group 4: First degree, Higher degree, Professional Qualifications.

2. 'Other economically inactive' includes looking after home/family, permanently sick/disabled and other.

Table CSS32 SEX AND AGE AND LEVEL OF QUALIFICATIONS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Page 2 of 3

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active				Economically inactive			
		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	Total	Retired	Student	Other economically inactive
Males	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
16 to 24	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
Groups 1 and 2	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
Groups 3 and 4	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
25 to 34	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216
Groups 1 and 2	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225
Groups 3 and 4	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234
35 to 49	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252
Groups 1 and 2	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261
Groups 3 and 4	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270
50 to 74	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288
Groups 1 and 2	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297
Groups 3 and 4	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306

Footnotes:

1. The highest level of qualification is defined as:

Group 1: 'O' Grade, Standard Grade, Intermediate 1, Intermediate 2, City and Guilds Craft, SVQ level 1 or 2 or equivalent.

Group 2: Higher Grade, CSYS, ONC, OND, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, RSA Advanced Diploma, SVQ level 3 or equivalent.

Group 3: HND, HNC, RSA Higher Diploma, SVQ level 4 or 5 or equivalent

Group 4: First degree, Higher degree, Professional Qualifications.

2. 'Other economically inactive' includes looking after home/family, permanently sick/disabled and other.

Table CSS32 SEX AND AGE AND LEVEL OF QUALIFICATIONS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Page 3 of 3

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active				Economically inactive			
		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	Total	Retired	Student	Other economically inactive
Females	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315
16 to 24	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333
Groups 1 and 2	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342
Groups 3 and 4	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351
25 to 34	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369
Groups 1 and 2	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378
Groups 3 and 4	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387
35 to 49	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405
Groups 1 and 2	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414
Groups 3 and 4	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423
50 to 74	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432
No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441
Groups 1 and 2	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450
Groups 3 and 4	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459

Footnotes:

1.The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualifications. The term 'lower level ' qualifications is used to describe qualifications equivalent to levels 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (i.e. GCSE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'Higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (i.e. first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

2.'Other economically inactive' includes looking after home/family, permanently sick or disabled and other.

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Table CS033 SEX AND OCCUPATION BY AGE

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in the week before Census

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 74
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Managers and Senior Officers	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
2. Professional Occupations	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
6. Personal Service Occupations	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
9. Elementary Occupations.	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Males	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
1. Managers and Senior Officers	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
2. Professional Occupations	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
6. Personal Service Occupations	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	127	128	129	130	131	132	133
9. Elementary Occupations.	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
Females	141	142	143	144	145	146	147
1. Managers and Senior Officers	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
2. Professional Occupations	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	169	170	171	172	173	174	175
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	176	177	178	179	180	181	182
6. Personal Service Occupations	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	190	191	192	193	194	195	196
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	197	198	199	200	201	202	203
9. Elementary Occupations.	204	205	206	207	208	209	210

Footnotes:

1. The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification)

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Table CS034 FORMER OCCUPATION BY AGE

Table population: All people aged 16 to 64 not in employment in the week before Census (29 April 2001)

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 29	30 to 49	50 to 64
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4
Unemployed	5	6	7	8
1. Managers and Senior Officers	9	10	11	12
2. Professional Occupations	13	14	15	16
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	17	18	19	20
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	21	22	23	24
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	25	26	27	28
6. Personal Service Occupations	29	30	31	32
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	33	34	35	36
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	37	38	39	40
9. Elementary Occupations.	41	42	43	44
Never worked or last worked before 1996	45	46	47	48
Economically inactive	49	50	51	52
1. Managers and Senior Officers	53	54	55	56
2. Professional Occupations	57	58	59	60
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	61	62	63	64
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	65	66	67	68
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	69	70	71	72
6. Personal Service Occupations	73	74	75	76
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	77	78	79	80
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	81	82	83	84
9. Elementary Occupations.	85	86	87	88
Never worked or last worked before 1996	89	90	91	92

Footnotes:

1. The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification)

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Table CS035 SEX AND OCCUPATION BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND HOURS WORKED

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in the week before Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Employee		Self employed	
		Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
1. Managers and Senior Officers	6	7	8	9	10
2. Professional Occupations	11	12	13	14	15
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	16	17	18	19	20
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	21	22	23	24	25
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	26	27	28	29	30
6. Personal Service Occupations	31	32	33	34	35
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	36	37	38	39	40
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	41	42	43	44	45
9. Elementary Occupations.	46	47	48	49	50
Males	51	52	53	54	55
1. Managers and Senior Officers	56	57	58	59	60
2. Professional Occupations	61	62	63	64	65
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	66	67	68	69	70
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	71	72	73	74	75
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	76	77	78	79	80
6. Personal Service Occupations	81	82	83	84	85
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	86	87	88	89	90
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	91	92	93	94	95
9. Elementary Occupations.	96	97	98	99	100
Females	101	102	103	104	105
1. Managers and Senior Officers	106	107	108	109	110
2. Professional Occupations	111	112	113	114	115
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	116	117	118	119	120
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	121	122	123	124	125
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	126	127	128	129	130
6. Personal Service Occupations	131	132	133	134	135
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	136	137	138	139	140
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	141	142	143	144	145
9. Elementary Occupations.	146	147	148	149	150

Footnotes:

1. The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification)

2. For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.

Table CS036 SEX AND INDUSTRY BY AGE

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 74
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
D - Manufacturing	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
F - Construction	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
H - Hotels and Restaurants	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
J - Financial Intermediation	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
M - Education	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
N - Health and Social Work	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
O, P, Q Other	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Males	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
D - Manufacturing	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
F - Construction	127	128	129	130	131	132	133
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
H - Hotels and Restaurants	141	142	143	144	145	146	147
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
J - Financial Intermediation	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	169	170	171	172	173	174	175
M - Education	176	177	178	179	180	181	182
N - Health and Social Work	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
O, P, Q Other	190	191	192	193	194	195	196

Footnotes:

- 1.The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).
- 2.'Other' industry includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

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Table CS036 SEX AND INDUSTRY BY AGE

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 74
Females	197	198	199	200	201	202	203
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	211	212	213	214	215	216	217
D - Manufacturing	218	219	220	221	222	223	224
F - Construction	225	226	227	228	229	230	231
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	232	233	234	235	236	237	238
H - Hotels and Restaurants	239	240	241	242	243	244	245
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	246	247	248	249	250	251	252
J - Financial Intermediation	253	254	255	256	257	258	259
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	260	261	262	263	264	265	266
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	267	268	269	270	271	272	273
M - Education	274	275	276	277	278	279	280
N - Health and Social Work	281	282	283	284	285	286	287
O, P, Q Other	288	289	290	291	292	293	294

Footnotes:

- 1.The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).
- 2.'Other' industry includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

Table CS037 FORMER INDUSTRY BY AGE

Table population: All people aged 16 to 64 not in employment in the week before Census

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 29	30 to 49	50 to 64
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4
Unemployed	5	6	7	8
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	9	10	11	12
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	13	14	15	16
D - Manufacturing	17	18	19	20
F - Construction	21	22	23	24
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	25	26	27	28
H - Hotels and Restaurants	29	30	31	32
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	33	34	35	36
J - Financial Intermediation	37	38	39	40
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	41	42	43	44
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	45	46	47	48
M - Education	49	50	51	52
N - Health and Social Work	53	54	55	56
O, P, Q Other	57	58	59	60
Never worked or last worked before 1996	61	62	63	64
Economically inactive	65	66	67	68
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	69	70	71	72
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	73	74	75	76
D - Manufacturing	77	78	79	80
F - Construction	81	82	83	84
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	85	86	87	88
H - Hotels and Restaurants	89	90	91	92
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	93	94	95	96
J - Financial Intermediation	97	98	99	100
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	101	102	103	104
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	105	106	107	108
M - Education	109	110	111	112
N - Health and Social Work	113	114	115	116
O, P, Q Other	117	118	119	120
Never worked or last worked before 1996	121	122	123	124

Footnotes:

1.The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification)

2.'Other' industry includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

Table CS038 SEX AND INDUSTRY BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND HOURS WORKED

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Employee		Self employed	
		Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	6	7	8	9	10
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	11	12	13	14	15
D - Manufacturing	16	17	18	19	20
F - Construction	21	22	23	24	25
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	26	27	28	29	30
H - Hotels and Restaurants	31	32	33	34	35
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	36	37	38	39	40
J - Financial Intermediation	41	42	43	44	45
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	46	47	48	49	50
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	51	52	53	54	55
M - Education	56	57	58	59	60
N - Health and Social Work	61	62	63	64	65
O, P, Q Other	66	67	68	69	70
Males	71	72	73	74	75
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	76	77	78	79	80
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	81	82	83	84	85
D - Manufacturing	86	87	88	89	90
F - Construction	91	92	93	94	95
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	96	97	98	99	100
H - Hotels and Restaurants	101	102	103	104	105
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	106	107	108	109	110
J - Financial Intermediation	111	112	113	114	115
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	116	117	118	119	120
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	121	122	123	124	125
M - Education	126	127	128	129	130
N - Health and Social Work	131	132	133	134	135
O, P, Q Other	136	137	138	139	140

Footnotes:

- 1.The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).
- 2.'Other' industry includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies.
- 3.For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.

Table CS038 SEX AND INDUSTRY BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND HOURS WORKED

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Employee		Self employed	
		Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time
Females	141	142	143	144	145
A,B - Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	146	147	148	149	150
C,E - Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply	151	152	153	154	155
D - Manufacturing	156	157	158	159	160
F - Construction	161	162	163	164	165
G - Wholesale and Rental trade, repair of motor vehicles	166	167	168	169	170
H - Hotels and Restaurants	171	172	173	174	175
I - Transport, Storage and Communication	176	177	178	179	180
J - Financial Intermediation	181	182	183	184	185
K - Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	186	187	188	189	190
L - Public Administration and Defence, Social Security	191	192	193	194	195
M - Education	196	197	198	199	200
N - Health and Social Work	201	202	203	204	205
O, P, Q Other	206	207	208	209	210

Footnotes:

- 1.The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).
- 2.'Other' industry includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies.
- 3.For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.

Table CS039 OCCUPATION BY INDUSTRY

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 employed the week before Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	Mining and Quarrying: Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	Manufacturing	Construction	Wholesale and Retail trade, Repair of Vehicles	Hotels and Restaurants
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Managers and Senior Officers	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
2. Professional Occupations	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
6. Personal Service Occupations	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
9. Elementary Occupations.	127	128	129	130	131	132	133

Footnotes:

1.The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).

2.'Other' industry includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

3. The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification)

Table CS039 OCCUPATION BY INDUSTRY

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 employed the week before Census

	Transport Storage and Communication	Financial Intermediation	Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	Public Administration Defence, Social Security	Education	Health and Social Work	Other
ALL PEOPLE	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Managers and Senior Officers	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
2. Professional Occupations	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
6. Personal Service Occupations	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
9. Elementary Occupations.	134	135	136	137	138	139	140

Footnotes:

1.The industry categorisation is based on the 'UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992' (SIC92).

2.'Other' industry includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

3. The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification)

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Table CS040 SEX AND OCCUPATION BY HOURS WORKED

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment in the week before Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Part-time			Full-time			
		Total (Part-time)	1 to 15 hours	16 to 30 hours	Total (Full-time)	31 to 37 hours	38 to 48 hours	49 or more hours
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Managers and Senior Officers	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
2. Professional Occupations	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
6. Personal Service Occupations	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
9. Elementary Occupations.	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Males	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
1. Managers and Senior Officers	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
2. Professional Occupations	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128
6. Personal Service Occupations	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152
9. Elementary Occupations.	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
Females	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
1. Managers and Senior Officers	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176
2. Professional Occupations	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208
6. Personal Service Occupations	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232
9. Elementary Occupations.	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240

Footnotes:

1.The occupation classification is SOC2000 (Standard Occupation Classification)

2.Hours worked is the average number of hours per week worked for the last four weeks prior to the Census (29 April 2001)

Table CS041 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND TIME SINCE LAST WORKED BY AGE
 Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
In employment	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Economically active full time student	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Unemployed	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Never worked	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Last worked 2001	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
Last worked 2000	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
Last worked 1999 to 1996	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
Last worked before 1996	57	xxx	59	60	61	62	63
Economically Inactive	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Never worked	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
Last worked 2001	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
Last worked 2000	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
Last worked 1999 to 1996	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Last worked before 1996	99	xxx	101	102	103	104	105

Footnotes:

1. 'Last worked in 2001' means last worked in the four months before Census day (29 April 2001)

Table CS042 NS-SEC BY AGE

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
3. Intermediate occupations	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
4. Small employers and own account workers	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
6. Semi-routine occupations	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
7. Routine occupations	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Not classified	64	65	66	67	68	69	70

Footnotes:

1. NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. Not classified includes people who have not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.
3. For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.

Table CS043 SEX AND NS-SeC BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active			Economically Inactive
		Employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	6	7	8	xxx	10
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	11	12	13	xxx	15
3. Intermediate occupations	16	17	18	xxx	20
4. Small employers and own account workers	21	22	23	xxx	25
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	26	27	28	xxx	30
6. Semi-routine occupations	31	32	33	xxx	35
7. Routine occupations	36	37	38	xxx	40
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	41	xxx	43	xxx	45
Not classified	46	xxx	48	49	50
Males	51	52	53	54	55
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	56	57	58	xxx	60
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	61	62	63	xxx	65
3. Intermediate occupations	66	67	68	xxx	70
4. Small employers and own account workers	71	72	73	xxx	75
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	76	77	78	xxx	80
6. Semi-routine occupations	81	82	83	xxx	85
7. Routine occupations	86	87	88	xxx	90
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	91	xxx	93	xxx	95
Not classified	96	xxx	98	99	100

Footnotes:

1. NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. Not classified includes people who have not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.
3. For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.

Table CS043 SEX AND NS-SeC BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Page 2 of 2

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active			Economically Inactive
		Employed	Unemployed	Full-time students	
Females	101	102	103	104	105
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	106	107	108	xxx	110
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	111	112	113	xxx	115
3. Intermediate occupations	116	117	118	xxx	120
4. Small employers and own account workers	121	122	123	xxx	125
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	126	127	128	xxx	130
6. Semi-routine occupations	131	132	133	xxx	135
7. Routine occupations	136	137	138	xxx	140
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	141	xxx	143	xxx	145
Not classified	146	xxx	148	149	150

Footnotes:

1. NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. Not classified includes people who have not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.
3. For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.

Table CS044 NS-SEC OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) BY HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

Page 1 of 2

Table population: All household reference persons aged 16 to 74

	ALL HRPs	One Person		One Family and no others					
		Pensioners	Other	All pensioners	Couple Family Households			Lone Parent Households	
					No children	With dependent child(ren)	All children non-dependent	With dependent child(ren)	All children non-dependent
ALL HRPs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
3. Intermediate occupations	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
4. Small employers and own account workers	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
6. Semi-routine occupations	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75
7. Routine occupations	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97
Not classified	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108

Footnotes:

1. NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. Not classified includes people who have not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.
3. For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.
4. A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

Table CS044 NS-SEC OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) BY HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION
 Table population: All household reference persons aged 16 to 74

Page 2 of 2

	Other Households	
	With dependent child(ren)	Other
ALL HRPs	10	11
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	21	22
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	32	33
3. Intermediate occupations	43	44
4. Small employers and own account workers	54	55
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	65	66
6. Semi-routine occupations	76	77
7. Routine occupations	87	88
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	98	99
Not classified	109	110

Footnotes:

1. NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. Not classified includes people who have not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.
3. For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.
4. A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

Table CS045 NS-SEC OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) BY AGE (OF HRP)
 Table population: All household reference persons aged 16 to 74

	ALL HRPs	HRP aged 16 to 24	HRP aged 25 to 34	HRP aged 35 to 54	HRP aged 55 to 64	HRP aged 65 to 74
ALL HRPs	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	7	8	9	10	11	12
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	13	14	15	16	17	18
3. Intermediate occupations	19	20	21	22	23	24
4. Small employers and own account workers	25	26	27	28	29	30
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	31	32	33	34	35	36
6. Semi-routine occupations	37	38	39	40	41	42
7. Routine occupations	43	44	45	46	47	48
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	49	50	51	52	53	54
Not classified	55	56	57	58	59	60

Footnotes:

1. NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
2. Not classified includes people who have not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students' category regardless of if they are economically active or not.
3. For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.

Table CS046 NS-SEC OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) BY TENURE

Table population: All household reference persons aged 16 to 74

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Owned	Rented from Council	Other Social Rented	Private rented or living rent free
ALL HRPs	1	2	3	4	5
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	6	7	8	9	10
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	11	12	13	14	15
3. Intermediate occupations	16	17	18	19	20
4. Small employers and own account workers	21	22	23	24	25
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	26	27	28	29	30
6. Semi-routine occupations	31	32	33	34	35
7. Routine occupations	36	37	38	39	40
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	41	42	43	44	45
Not classified	46	47	48	49	50

Footnotes:

1.NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.

2.Not classified includes people who have not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students' regardless of if they are economically active or inactive.

3 The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Social rented includes both 'Rented from Council and rented from 'Registered Social Landlord or Housing association.

In Scotland the class 'Rented from Council' refers to Rented from Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes.

Rented from the Council includes renting from the Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

4.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

5.For long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.

Table CS047 NS-SEC BY TENURE

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Owned	Rented from Council	Other Social Rented	Private rented or living rent free
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	6	7	8	9	10
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	11	12	13	14	15
3. Intermediate occupations	16	17	18	19	20
4. Small employers and own account workers	21	22	23	24	25
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	26	27	28	29	30
6. Semi-routine occupations	31	32	33	34	35
7. Routine occupations	36	37	38	39	40
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	41	42	43	44	45
Not classified	46	47	48	49	50

Footnotes:

1.The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes Registered Social Landlord or Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

Rented from Council refers to Rented from Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3.NS-SEC stands for the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.

4.'Not classifiable for other reasons' includes people whose occupation has not been coded and those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category.

Table CS048 DWELLING TYPE AND ACCOMMODATION TYPE BY HOUSEHOLD SPACE TYPE

Table population: All household spaces. All dwellings

	TOTAL	Occupied	Unoccupied	
			Second residence/ Holiday accommodation	Vacant
ALL HOUSEHOLD SPACES	1	2	3	4
In an unshared dwelling	5	6	7	8
House or bungalow	9	10	11	12
Detached	13	14	15	16
Semi-detached	17	18	19	20
Terraced (including end terrace)	21	22	23	24
Flat, maisonette or apartment	25	26	27	28
In a purpose built block of flats or tenement	29	30	31	32
Part of a converted or shared house (includes bed-sit)	33	34	35	36
In a commercial building	37	38	39	40
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	41	42	43	44
In a shared dwelling	45	46	47	48
ALL DWELLINGS	49	50	51	52

Footnotes:

In general, a household's accommodation is defined as an unshared dwelling if all the rooms are behind a door that only that household can use.

Table CS049 DWELLING TYPE AND ACCOMMODATION TYPE BY TENURE (HOUSEHOLDS AND DWELLINGS)

Table population: All household spaces. All occupied dwellings

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Owned	Rented from Council	Other Social Rented	Private rented or living rent free
ALL OCCUPIED HOUSEHOLD SPACES	1	2	3	4	5
In an unshared dwelling	6	7	8	9	10
House or bungalow	11	12	13	14	15
Detached	16	17	18	19	20
Semi-detached	21	22	23	24	25
Terraced (including end terrace)	26	27	28	29	30
Flat, maisonette or apartment	31	32	33	34	35
In a purpose built block of flats or tenement	36	37	38	39	40
Part of a converted or shared house (includes bed-sit)	41	42	43	44	45
In a commercial building	46	47	48	49	50
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	51	52	53	54	55
In a shared dwelling	56	57	58	59	60
ALL OCCUPIED DWELLINGS	61	62	63	64	65

Footnotes:

1 The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

In Scotland the class 'Rented from Council' refers to Rented from Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes.

Rented from the Council refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3.In general, a household's accommodation is defined as an unshared dwelling if all the rooms are behind a door that only that household can use.

Table CS050 DWELLING TYPE AND ACCOMMODATION TYPE BY TENURE (PEOPLE)

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE	Owned	Rented from Council	Other Social Rented	Private rented or living rent free
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
In an unshared dwelling	6	7	8	9	10
House or bungalow	11	12	13	14	15
Detached	16	17	18	19	20
Semi-detached	21	22	23	24	25
Terraced (including end terrace)	26	27	28	29	30
Flat, maisonette or apartment	31	32	33	34	35
In a purpose built block of flats or tenement	36	37	38	39	40
Part of a converted or shared house (includes bed-sit)	41	42	43	44	45
In a commercial building	46	47	48	49	50
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	51	52	53	54	55
In a shared dwelling	56	57	58	59	60

Footnotes:

1 The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Social rented includes both 'Rented from the Council' and rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association.

In Scotland the class 'Rented from Council' refers to Rented from Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes.

Rented from the Council includes renting from Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3.In general, a household's accommodation is defined as an unshared dwelling if all the rooms are behind a door that only that household can use.

Table CS051 TENURE AND HOUSEHOLD SIZE BY NUMBER OF ROOMS

Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1 room	2 rooms	3 to 4 rooms	5 to 6 rooms	7 or more rooms
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6
1 person	7	8	9	10	11	12
2 people	13	14	15	16	17	18
3 to 4 people	19	20	21	22	23	24
5 or more people	25	26	27	28	29	30
Owned	31	32	33	34	35	36
1 person	37	38	39	40	41	42
2 people	43	44	45	46	47	48
3 to 4 people	49	50	51	52	53	54
5 or more people	55	56	57	58	59	60
Rented from council	61	62	63	64	65	66
1 person	67	68	69	70	71	72
2 people	73	74	75	76	77	78
3 to 4 people	79	80	81	82	83	84
5 or more people	85	86	87	88	89	90
Other social rented	91	92	93	94	95	96
1 person	97	98	99	100	101	102
2 people	103	104	105	106	107	108
3 to 4 people	109	110	111	112	113	114
5 or more people	115	116	117	118	119	120
Private rented or living rent free	121	122	123	124	125	126
1 person	127	128	129	130	131	132
2 people	133	134	135	136	137	138
3 to 4 people	139	140	141	142	143	144
5 or more people	145	146	147	148	149	150

Footnotes:

1 The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3. The number of rooms available to the household excludes bathrooms, toilets, halls or landings and rooms that can only be used for storage. It also does not include any rooms shared with another household such as a shared kitchen.

Table CS052 TENURE AND PERSONS PER ROOM BY ACCOMMODATION TYPE

Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	House or bungalow	Flat, maisonette or apartment	Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
up to 0.5 persons per room	5	6	7	8
over 0.5 and up to 1.0 persons per room	9	10	11	12
over 1.0 and up to 1.5 persons per room	13	14	15	16
over 1.5 persons per room	17	18	19	20
Owned	21	22	23	24
up to 0.5 persons per room	25	26	27	28
over 0.5 and up to 1.0 persons per room	29	30	31	32
over 1.0 and up to 1.5 persons per room	33	34	35	36
over 1.5 persons per room	37	38	39	40
Rented from council	41	42	43	44
up to 0.5 persons per room	45	46	47	48
over 0.5 and up to 1.0 persons per room	49	50	51	52
over 1.0 and up to 1.5 persons per room	53	54	55	56
over 1.5 persons per room	57	58	59	60
Social rented	61	62	63	64
up to 0.5 persons per room	65	66	67	68
over 0.5 and up to 1.0 persons per room	69	70	71	72
over 1.0 and up to 1.5 persons per room	73	74	75	76
over 1.5 persons per room	77	78	79	80
Private rented or living rent free	81	82	83	84
up to 0.5 persons per room	85	86	87	88
over 0.5 and up to 1.0 persons per room	89	90	91	92
over 1.0 and up to 1.5 persons per room	93	94	95	96
over 1.5 persons per room	97	98	99	100

Footnotes:

1 The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table CS053 HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION BY TENURE AND OCCUPANCY RATING

Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Owned		Rented from council		Other social rented		Private rented or Living rent free	
		0 or higher	-1 or less	0 or higher	-1 or less	0 or higher	-1 or less	0 or higher	-1 or less
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
One person	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
- pensioner	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
- other	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
One family and no others	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
All pensioners	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Couple family households	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
- no children	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
- with dependent child(ren)	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
- all children non-dependent	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Lone parent family households	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
- with dependent child(ren)	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
- all children non-dependent	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
Other households	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
- with dependent child(ren)	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
- all student	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
- all pensioner	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153
- other	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162

Footnotes:

1.The occupancy rating provides a measure of under-occupancy and overcrowding. For example a value of -1 implies that there is one room too few and that there is overcrowding in the household. The occupancy rating assumes that every household, including one person households, requires a minimum of two common rooms (excluding bathrooms).

2.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

3 The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

4.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table CS054 SHARED/UNSHARED DWELLING AND CENTRAL HEATING AND OCCUPANCY RATING BY AGE

Table population: All people in households

	ALL PEOPLE	0 to 4 years	5 to 15 years	16 to 24 years	25 to 49 years	50 to 64 years	65 years and over
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
In an unshared dwelling	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Central heating	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
+1 or more	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
-1 or less	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
No central heating	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
+1 or more	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
0	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
-1 or less	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
In a shared dwelling	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
Central heating	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
+1 or more	85	86	87	88	89	90	91
0	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
-1 or less	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
No central heating	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
+1 or more	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
0	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
-1 or less	127	128	129	130	131	132	133

Footnotes:

1. The occupancy rating provides a measure of under-occupancy and overcrowding. For example a value of -1 implies that there is one room too few and that there is overcrowding in the household. The occupancy rating assumes that every household, including one person households, requires a minimum of two common rooms (excluding bathrooms).

Table CS055 DWELLING TYPE AND ACCOMMODATION TYPE AND CENTRAL HEATING BY TENURE

Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Owned	Rented from Council	Other Social Rented	Private rented or living rent free
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5
Central heating	6	7	8	9	10
No central heating	11	12	13	14	15
In an unshared dwelling	16	17	18	19	20
House or Bungalow	21	22	23	24	25
Central heating	26	27	28	29	30
No central heating	31	32	33	34	35
Flat maisonette or apartment	36	37	38	39	40
Central heating	41	42	43	44	45
No central heating	46	47	48	49	50
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	51	52	53	54	55
Central heating	56	57	58	59	60
No central heating	61	62	63	64	65
In a shared dwelling	66	67	68	69	70
Sole use of bath/shower and toilet	71	72	73	74	75
Central heating	76	77	78	79	80
No central heating	81	82	83	84	85
Not sole use of bath/shower and toilet	86	87	88	89	90
Central heating	91	92	93	94	95
No central heating	96	97	98	99	100

Footnotes:

1 The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table CS056 TENURE AND AMENITIES BY HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

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Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	One Person	
		Pensioners	Other
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	11	12	13
Other	21	22	23
Owned	31	32	33
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	41	42	43
Other	51	52	53
Rented from council	61	62	63
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	71	72	73
Other	81	82	83
Other social rented	91	92	93
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	101	102	103
Other	111	112	113
Private rented or living rent free	121	122	123
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	131	132	133
Other	141	142	143

Footnotes:

1.The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

Table CS056 TENURE AND AMENITIES BY HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

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Table population: All households

	One Family and no others						Other households
	All pensioners	Couple Family Households			Lone Parent Households		
		No children	With dependent child(ren)	All children non-dependent	With dependent child(ren)	All children non-dependent	
ALL HOUSEHOLDS (continued)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Other	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Owned	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Other	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Rented from council	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Other	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Other social rented	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
Other	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
Private rented or living rent free	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
With sole use of bath/shower and toilet and central heating	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
Other	144	145	146	147	148	149	150

Footnotes:

1.The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

Table CS057 TENURE AND LOWEST FLOOR LEVEL BY HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION
Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	One Person		One Family and no others					Other households	
		Pensioners	Other	All pensioners	Couple Family Households			Lone Parent Households		
					No children	With dependent child(ren)	All children non- dependent	With dependent child(ren)		All children non- dependent
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Basement to ground floor	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
First to fourth floor	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Fifth floor or higher	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Owned	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Basement to ground floor	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
First to fourth floor	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Fifth floor or higher	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Rented from council	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Basement to ground floor	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
First to fourth floor	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
Fifth floor or higher	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
Other social rented	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
Basement to ground floor	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
First to fourth floor	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
Fifth floor or higher	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
Private rented or living rent free	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
Basement to ground floor	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
First to fourth floor	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
Fifth floor or higher	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200

Footnotes:

1.The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

2.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

3.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parents.

Table CS059 ACCOMMODATION TYPE AND CAR OR VAN AVAILABILITY BY NUMBER OF PEOPLE AGED 17 OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLD
 Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Number of people aged 17 or over in household		
		None	1	2 or more
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
No car or van	5	6	7	8
1 car or van	9	10	11	12
2 or more cars or vans	13	14	15	16
House or bungalow	17	18	19	20
No car or van	21	22	23	24
1 car or van	25	26	27	28
2 or more cars or vans	29	30	31	32
Flat, maisonette or apartment	33	34	35	36
No car or van	37	38	39	40
1 car or van	41	42	43	44
2 or more cars or vans	45	46	47	48
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	49	50	51	52
No car or van	53	54	55	56
1 car or van	57	58	59	60
2 or more cars or vans	61	62	63	64

Footnotes:

1. Car or van includes company car or van if available for private use.

Table CS060 TENURE AND CAR OR VAN AVAILABILITY BY NUMBER OF PEOPLE AGED 17 OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLD

Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Number of people aged 17 or over in household		
		None	1	2 or more
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
No car or van	5	6	7	8
1 car or van	9	10	11	12
2 or more cars or vans	13	14	15	16
Owned	17	18	19	20
No car or van	21	22	23	24
1 car or van	25	26	27	28
2 or more cars or vans	29	30	31	32
Rented from council	33	34	35	36
No car or van	37	38	39	40
1 car or van	41	42	43	44
2 or more cars or vans	45	46	47	48
Other social rented	49	50	51	52
No car or van	53	54	55	56
1 car or van	57	58	59	60
2 or more cars or vans	61	62	63	64
Private rented or living rent free	65	66	67	68
No car or van	69	70	71	72
1 car or van	73	74	75	76
2 or more cars or vans	77	78	79	80

Footnotes:

1.Car or van availability includes company car or an if available for private use.

2.The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

3.'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table CS061 TENURE AND CAR OR VAN AVAILABILITY BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Table population: All people aged 16-74

	ALL PEOPLE	Economically active				Economically inactive				
		Employee	Self employed	Unemployed	Full-time student	Retired	Student	Looking after home/ family	Permanently sick or disabled	Other
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
No car or van	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1 car or van	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
2 or more cars or vans	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Owned	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
No car or van	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
1 car or van	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
2 or more cars or vans	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Rented from council	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
No car or van	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1 car or van	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
2 or more cars or vans	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
Other social rented	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
No car or van	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
1 car or van	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
2 or more cars or vans	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
Private rented or living rent free	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
No car or van	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
1 car or van	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
2 or more cars or vans	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200

Footnotes:

1. Car or van availability includes company car or an if available for private use.

2. The terms used to describe tenure are defined as:

Owned: either owned outright, owned with a mortgage or loan, or paying part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership).

Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing association, Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.

'Rented from the Council' refers to Rented from the Council (local authority)/Scottish Homes in Scotland and Northern Ireland Housing Executive in Northern Ireland.

Private Rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, a relative or friend of a household member or other person.

3. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented.

Table CS062 HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION BY NUMBER OF CARS OR VANS AVAILABLE

Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Number of cars or vans available		
		None	1	2 or more
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
One Person household	5	6	7	8
- pensioner	9	10	11	12
- other	13	14	15	16
One Family and no others	17	18	19	20
All pensioners	21	22	23	24
Couple Family Households	25	26	27	28
- no children	29	30	31	32
- with dependent child(ren)	33	34	35	36
- all children non-dependent	37	38	39	40
Lone Parent Family Households	41	42	43	44
- with dependent child(ren)	45	46	47	48
- all children non-dependent	49	50	51	52
Other Households	53	54	55	56
- with dependent child(ren)	57	58	59	60
- all student	61	62	63	64
- all pensioner	65	66	67	68
- other	69	70	71	72

Footnote:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is an full-time student in a family with parents.

2.Car or van availability includes company car or an if available for private use.

Table CS063 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND AGE OF FULL-TIME STUDENTS BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Table population: All full-time students and schoolchildren at their term time address

	ALL FULL-TIME STUDENTS	Living with parents	Communal establishment	All student group household	Student living alone	Other household type
ALL FULL-TIME STUDENTS	1	2	3	4	5	6
0 to 15 years	7	8	9	10	11	12
16 to 18 years	13	14	15	16	17	18
19 years and over	19	20	21	22	23	24
Economically active	25	26	27	28	29	30
0 to 15 years	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
16 to 18 years	37	38	39	40	41	42
19 years and over	43	44	45	46	47	48
Economically inactive	49	50	51	52	53	54
0 to 15 years	55	56	57	58	59	60
16 to 18 years	61	62	63	64	65	66
19 years and over	67	68	69	70	71	72

Footnotes:

1. 'Other household type' covers students living in a household with others, where one or more of them is not a student. This includes households where the student forms part of the 'parent' generation.
2. All students and schoolchildren aged under 16 are shown as economically inactive though some may be economically active.

Table CS064 HOUSEHOLDS WITH FULL-TIME STUDENTS AWAY FROM HOME AND AGE OF STUDENT BY NUMBER OF STUDENTS

Table population: All households with full-time students and schoolchildren living away from home during term-time

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS WITH STUDENTS 'AWAY FROM HOME'	Households with 1 student away from home	Households with 2 students away from home	Households with 3 or more students away from home
ALL HOUSEHOLDS WITH STUDENTS 'AWAY FROM HOME'	1	2	3	4
All students aged under 18	5	6	7	8
Combination of students aged under 18 and 18 and over	9	10	11	12
All students aged 18 or over	13	14	15	16

Footnotes:

1.The term 'student living away from home' refers to students and schoolchildren in full-time education who would be resident in the household if they were not living elsewhere during term-time. They are counted as residents at their term-time address.

Table CS065 SEX AND AGE BY GENERAL HEALTH AND LIMITING LONG-TERM ILLNESS
 Table population: All people resident in communal establishments

	ALL PEOPLE			Good or Fairly Good Health			Not Good Health		
	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness	Total	Limiting long-term illness	No limiting long-term illness
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0 to 14	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
15 to 24	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
25 to 49	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
50 to 64	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
65 to 74	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
75 and over	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Males	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
0 to 14	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
15 to 24	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
25 to 49	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
50 to 64	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
65 to 74	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
75 and over	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126
Females	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
0 to 14	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
15 to 24	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153
25 to 49	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
50 to 64	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171
65 to 74	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
75 and over	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189

Footnotes:

1.This table includes 'residents' of communal establishments only, that is, it excludes staff and their relatives at the establishment.

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Table CS066 SEX AND APPROXIMATED SOCIAL GRADE BY AGE

Table population: All people aged 16 and over in households

	ALL PEOPLE	16 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 and over
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
AB. Higher and intermediate managerial/administrative/professional	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
C1. Supervisory, clerical, junior managerial/administrative/professional	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
C2. Skilled manual workers	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
D. Semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
E. On state benefit, unemployed, lowest grade workers	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
Males	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
AB. Higher and intermediate managerial/administrative/professional	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
C1. Supervisory, clerical, junior managerial/administrative/professional	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
C2. Skilled manual workers	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
D. Semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
E. On state benefit, unemployed, lowest grade workers	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
Females	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
AB. Higher and intermediate managerial/administrative/professional	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
C1. Supervisory, clerical, junior managerial/administrative/professional	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
C2. Skilled manual workers	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128
D. Semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136
E. On state benefit, unemployed, lowest grade workers	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144

Footnotes:

1. Social grade is the socio-economic classification used by the Market Research and Marketing Industries, most often in the analysis of spending habits and consumer attitudes. Although it is not possible to allocate Social Grade precisely from information collected by the 2001 Census, the Market Research Society has developed a method for using Census information to provide a good approximation of Social Grade.

Table CS067 AGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN BY APPROXIMATED SOCIAL GRADE

Table population: All households

	ALL HRPs	AB	C1	C2	D	E
		Higher and intermediate managerial/administrative/professional	Supervisory, clerical, junior managerial/administrative/professional	Skilled manual workers	Semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers	On state benefit unemployed, lowest grade workers
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Age of HRP 34 and under	7	8	9	10	11	12
- youngest dependent child aged 0 to 4	13	14	15	16	17	18
- youngest dependent child aged 5 to 11	19	20	21	22	23	24
- youngest dependent child aged 12 to 18	25	26	27	28	29	30
- no dependent children	31	32	33	34	35	36
Age of HRP 35 and over	37	38	39	40	41	42
- youngest dependent child aged 0 to 4	43	44	45	46	47	48
- youngest dependent child aged 5 to 11	49	50	51	52	53	54
- youngest dependent child aged 12 to 18	55	56	57	58	59	60
- no dependent children	61	62	63	64	65	66

Footnotes:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is an full-time student in a family with parent(s).

2.Social grade is the socio-economic classification used by the Market Research and Marketing Industries, most often in the analysis of spending habits and consumer attitudes. Although it is not possible to allocate Social Grade precisely from information collected by the 2001 Census, the Market Research Society has developed a method for using Census information to provide a good approximation of Social Grade.

Table CS068 AGE AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE (HRPs)

Table population: All adults in households

	ALL HRPs	In a couple household	Not in a couple household
ALL HRPs	1	2	3
Under 25	4	5	6
- no dependent children in household	7	8	9
- dependent child(ren) in household	10	11	12
25 to 34	13	14	15
- no dependent children in household	16	17	18
- dependent child(ren) in household	19	20	21
35 to 44	22	23	24
- no dependent children in household	25	26	27
- dependent child(ren) in household	28	29	30
45 to 54	31	32	33
- no dependent children in household	34	35	36
- dependent child(ren) in household	37	38	39
55 to Pensionable age	40	41	42
- no dependent children in household	43	44	45
- dependent child(ren) in household	46	47	48
Pensionable age to 74	49	50	51
75 and over	52	53	54

Footnotes:

1.A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full time student in a family with parent(s). An Adult in a household is defined as a person who is not a dependent child.

2.A couple household contains at least one couple family with or without other families or individuals.

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Table CS103 SEX AND AGE BY RELIGION
 Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Christian	Buddhist	Hindu	Jewish	Muslim	Sikh	Any other religion	No religion	Religion not stated
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0 to 24	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
25 to 49	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
50 and over	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Males	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
0 to 24	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
25 to 49	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
50 and over	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Females	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
0 to 24	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
25 to 49	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
50 and over	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120

Table CS105 AGE BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF QUALIFICATION

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	All people	No qualifications	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4/5	Other qualifications level unknown
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
16 to 17 years	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
18 to 19 years	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
20 to 24 years	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
25 to 34 years	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
35 to 49 years	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
50 to 54 years	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
55 to pensionable age	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
Pensionable age to 74	57	58	59	60	61	62	63

Footnote:

1.The highest level of qualification variable uses both the educational and vocational qualifications question, and the professional qualifications question.

No qualifications: No academic, vocational or professional qualifications.

Level 1: 1+ 'O' levels/CSE/GCSE (any grade 1), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 2: 5+ 'O' levels, 5 CSE's (grade 1), 5+ GCSE (grade A* -C), School Certificate, 1+ A levels/AS levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 3: 2+ A levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 4/5: First Degree, Higher Degree, NVQ levels 4-5, HND, HNC, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor or equivalents.

Other qualifications/level unknown: Other qualifications (e.g. City and Guilds, RSA/OCR., BTEC/Edexcel), Other professional Qualifications.

Table CS113 OCCUPATION BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF QUALIFICATION

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	All people	No qualifications	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4/5	Other qualifications level unknown
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Managers and Senior Officials	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
2. Professional Occupations	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
5. Skilled Trades Occupations	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
6. Personal Service Occupations	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
9. Elementary Occupations	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Never worked or Occupation not coded	71	72	73	74	75	76	77

Footnote:

1. The highest level of qualification variable uses both the educational and vocational qualifications question, and the professional qualifications question.
No qualifications: No academic, vocational or professional qualifications.

Level 1: 1+ 'O' levels/CSE/GCSE (any grade 1), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 2: 5+ 'O' levels, 5 CSE's (grade 1), 5+ GCSE (grade A* -C), School Certificate, 1+ A levels/AS levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 3: 2+ A levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 4/5: First Degree, Higher Degree, NVQ levels 4-5, HND, HNC, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor or equivalents.

Other qualifications/level unknown: Other qualifications (e.g. City and Guilds, RSA/OCR., BTEC/Edexcel), Other professional Qualifications.

Table CS114 NS-Sec BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF QUALIFICATION
 Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	All people	No qualifications	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4/5	Other qualifications level unknown
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
3. Intermediate occupations	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
4. Small employers and own account workers	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
6. Semi-routine occupations	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
7. Routine occupations	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Not classified	64	65	66	67	68	69	70

Footnote:

1.The highest level of qualification variable uses both the educational and vocational qualifications question, and the professional qualifications question.

No qualifications: No academic, vocational or professional qualifications.

Level 1: 1+ 'O' levels/CSE/GCSE (any grade 1), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 2: 5+ 'O' levels, 5 CSE's (grade 1), 5+ GCSE (grade A* -C), School Certificate, 1+ A levels/AS levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 3: 2+ A levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ or equivalents.

Level 4/5: First Degree, Higher Degree, NVQ levels 4-5, HND, HNC, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor or equivalents.

Other qualifications/level unknown: Other qualifications (e.g. City and Guilds, RSA/OCR., BTEC/Edexcel), Other professional Qualifications.

2.NS-Sec stands for National Statistics Socio-economic Classification.

3.Not classified includes people who have not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-Sec category and all full-time students regardless of if they are economically active or inactive.

Table CS118 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PEOPLE AND METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK BY NUMBER OF CARS OR VANS IN HOUSEHOLDS

Table population: All households with at least one person working in the week before the Census

	HOUSEHOLDS	Number of cars or vans in households		
		None	1	2 or more
ALL HOUSEHOLDS WITH AT LEAST ONE PERSON WORKING	1	2	3	4
One employed person in household	5	6	7	8
- Driving a car or van	9	10	11	12
- 'Other' method of travel to work	13	14	15	16
- Works from home	17	18	19	20
Two employed people in household	21	22	23	24
- Both driving cars or vans	25	26	27	28
- Both taking 'other' method of travel to work	29	30	31	32
- Both working at home	33	34	35	36
- One driving a car or van, one by 'other' method	37	38	39	40
- One driving a car or van, one working at home	41	42	43	44
- One by 'other' method, one working at home	45	46	47	48
Three or more employed people in household	49	50	51	52
- All driving cars or vans	53	54	55	56
- All taking 'other' method of travel to work	57	58	59	60
- All working from home	61	62	63	64
- Mixture of driving a car or van and 'other'	65	66	67	68
- Mixture of driving a car or van and working at home	69	70	71	72
- Mixture of 'other' and working from home	73	74	75	76
- Mixture of driving a car or van, 'other' and working at home	77	78	79	80

Footnotes:

1. Driving a car or van includes sharing driving and car-pooling in Northern Ireland.
2. 'Other' in method of travel is any other means of travel (train, tram, bicycle etc.) other than driving a car.

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Table CS119 SEX AND AGE BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 working the week before the census

	ALL PEOPLE	Work mainly at or from home	Under- ground, tube, metro or light rail	Train	Bus minibus, coach	Motor- cycle scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Taxi or minicab	Bicycle	On foot	Other
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
ALL PEOPLE	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
16 to 24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
25 to 34	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
35 to 49	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
50 to 59	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
60 to 64	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
65 to 74												
Males	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
16 to 24	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
25 to 34	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
35 to 49	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132
50 to 59	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
60 to 64	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156
65 to 74	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
Females	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
16 to 24	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192
25 to 34	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204
35 to 49	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216
50 to 59	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228
60 to 64	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240
65 to 74	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252

Footnotes:

1. Driving a car or van includes sharing driving and car-pooling in Northern Ireland.

2. 'Other' includes no fixed place of work, working at offshore installation, or working outside of the UK.

Table CS120 SEX AND AGE BY DISTANCE TRAVELLED TO WORK

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 who were working in the week before the census

	ALL PEOPLE	Less than 2km	2km to less than 5km	5km to less than 10km	10km to less than 20km	20km to less than 40km	40km to less than 60km	60km and over	Working at or from home	Other
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ALL PEOPLE	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
16 to 24	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
25 to 34	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
35 to 49	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
50 to 59	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
60 to 64	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
65 to 74	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Males	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
16 to 24	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
25 to 34	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
35 to 49	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
50 to 59	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
60 to 64	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
65 to 74	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
Females	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
16 to 24	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
25 to 34	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
35 to 49	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
50 to 59	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
60 to 64	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
65 to 74										

Footnotes:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1. 'Other' includes no fixed place of work, and working outside of the UK.

2. The distance travelled is a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of place of residence and postcode of workplace.

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Table CS121 SEX AND DISTANCE TRAVELLED TO WORK BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 working the week before the census

	ALL PEOPLE	Work mainly at or from home	Under- ground, tube, metro or light rail	Train	Bus minibus, coach	Motor- cycle scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Taxi or minicab	Bicycle	On foot	Other
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
ALL PEOPLE	13	xxx	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Less than 2km	25	xxx	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
2km to less than 5km	37	xxx	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
5km to less than 10km	49	xxx	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
10km to less than 20km	61	xxx	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
20km to less than 40km	73	xxx	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84
40km to less than 60km	85	xxx	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
60km and over	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
Other*												
Males	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
Less than 2km	121	xxx	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132
2km to less than 5km	133	xxx	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
5km to less than 10km	145	xxx	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156
10km to less than 20km	157	xxx	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
20km to less than 40km	169	xxx	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
40km to less than 60km	181	xxx	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192
60km and over	193	xxx	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204
Other*	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216
Females	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228
Less than 2km	229	xxx	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240
2km to less than 5km	241	xxx	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252
5km to less than 10km	253	xxx	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264
10km to less than 20km	265	xxx	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276
20km to less than 40km	277	xxx	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288
40km to less than 60km	289	xxx	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300
60km and over	301	xxx	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312
Other*	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324

Footnotes:

Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

1.The distance travelled is a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of place of residence and postcode of workplace.

2.Other* distance travelled to work covers people working outside the UK, working offshore, working at or from home or having no fixed place of work.

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Table CS122 NS-SEC BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK

Table population: All people aged 16-74 in employment the week before the Census

	ALL PEOPLE	Mainly working at or from home	Underground, tube, metro or light rail	Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Motor- cycle, scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.Higher managerial and professional occupations	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
2.Lower managerial and professional occupations	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
3.Intermediate occupations	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
4.Small employers and own account workers	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
5.Lower supervisory and technical occupations	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68
6.Semi-routine occupations	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
7.Routine occupations	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92
8.Never worked or long-term unemployed	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Not classified	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116

	Taxi or minicab	Bicycle	On foot	Other
ALL PEOPLE	9	10	11	12
1.Higher managerial and professional occupations	21	22	23	24
2.Lower managerial and professional occupations	33	34	35	36
3.Intermediate occupations	45	46	47	48
4.Small employers and own account workers	57	58	59	60
5.Lower supervisory and technical occupations	69	70	71	72
6.Semi-routine occupations	81	82	83	84
7.Routine occupations	93	94	95	96
8.Never worked or long-term unemployed	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Not classified	117	118	119	120

Footnotes:

- 'Driving a car or van' includes sharing driving and car-pooling in Northern Ireland.
- NS-SEC refers to the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification.
- 'Not classified' includes people who have not been coded, those who cannot be allocated to an NS-SEC category and all full-time students regardless of if they are economically active or inactive.
- 'Other' includes no fixed place of work, working at an offshore installation, or working outside of the UK.

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Table CS126 TYPE OF COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENT BY RESIDENT TYPE AND SEX
Table population: All people in communal establishments

Page 1 of 3

	ALL PEOPLE	Residents (non-staff)		Resident staff and families	
		Males	Females	Males	Females
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
Medical and care establishments	6	7	8	9	10
NHS	11	12	13	14	15
Psychiatric hospital/home	16	17	18	19	20
Other hospital/home	21	22	23	24	25
Local Authority	26	27	28	29	30
Children's home	31	32	33	34	35
Nursing home	36	37	38	39	40
Residential care home	41	42	43	44	45
Other home	46	47	48	49	50
Housing Association	51	52	53	54	55
Home or hostel	56	57	58	59	60
Other	61	62	63	64	65
Nursing home	66	67	68	69	70
Residential care home	71	72	73	74	75
Children's Home	76	77	78	79	80
Psychiatric hospital/home	81	82	83	84	85
Other hospital	86	87	88	89	90
Other medical and care home	91	92	93	94	95
Other establishments	96	97	98	99	100
Defence establishments (including ships)	101	102	103	104	105
Prisons Service establishments	106	107	108	109	110
Probation/bail hostel (except Scotland)	111	112	113	114	115
Education establishment (including Halls of residence)	116	117	118	119	120
Hotel, boarding house, guest house	121	122	123	124	125
Hostel (including youth hostels, hostels for the homeless and people sleeping rough)	126	127	128	129	130
Civilian ship, boat or barge	131	132	133	134	135
Other	136	137	138	139	140

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Table CS126 TYPE OF COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENT BY RESIDENT TYPE AND SEX
Table population: All people in communal establishments

Page 2 of 3

	ALL PEOPLE	Residents (non-staff)		Resident staff and families	
		Males	Females	Males	Females
MALES	141	142	143	144	145
Medical and care establishments	146	147	148	149	150
NHS	151	152	153	154	155
Psychiatric hospital/home	156	157	158	159	160
Other hospital/home	161	162	163	164	165
Local Authority	166	167	168	169	170
Children's home	171	172	173	174	175
Nursing home	176	177	178	179	180
Residential care home	181	182	183	184	185
Other home	186	187	188	189	190
Housing Association	191	192	193	194	195
Home or hostel	196	197	198	199	200
Other	201	202	203	204	205
Nursing home	206	207	208	209	210
Residential care home	211	212	213	214	215
Children's Home	216	217	218	219	220
Psychiatric hospital/home	221	222	223	224	225
Other hospital	226	227	228	229	230
Other medical and care home	231	232	233	234	235
Other establishments	236	237	238	239	240
Defence establishments (including ships)	241	242	243	244	245
Prisons Service establishments	246	247	248	249	250
Probation/bail hostel (except Scotland)	251	252	253	254	255
Education establishment (including Halls of residence)	256	257	258	259	260
Hotel, boarding house, guest house	261	262	263	264	265
Hostel (including youth hostels, hostels for the homeless and people sleeping rough)	266	267	268	269	270
Civilian ship, boat or barge	271	272	273	274	275
Other	276	277	278	279	280

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Table CS126 TYPE OF COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENT BY RESIDENT TYPE AND SEX
 Table population: All people in communal establishments

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	ALL PEOPLE	Residents (non-staff)		Resident staff and families	
		Males	Females	Males	Females
FEMALES	281	282	283	284	285
Medical and care establishments	286	287	288	289	290
NHS	291	292	293	294	295
Psychiatric hospital/home	296	297	298	299	300
Other hospital/home	301	302	303	304	305
Local Authority	306	307	308	309	310
Children's home	311	312	313	314	315
Nursing home	316	317	318	319	320
Residential care home	321	322	323	324	325
Other home	326	327	328	329	330
Housing Association	331	332	333	334	335
Home or hostel	336	337	338	339	340
Other	341	342	343	344	345
Nursing home	346	347	348	349	350
Residential care home	351	352	353	354	355
Children's Home	356	357	358	359	360
Psychiatric hospital/home	361	362	363	364	365
Other hospital	366	367	368	369	370
Other medical and care home	371	372	373	374	375
Other establishments	376	377	378	379	380
Defence establishments (including ships)	381	382	383	384	385
Prisons Service establishments	386	387	388	389	390
Probation/bail hostel (except Scotland)	391	392	393	394	395
Education establishment (including Halls of residence)	396	397	398	399	400
Hotel, boarding house, guest house	401	402	403	404	405
Hostel (including youth hostels, hostels for the homeless and people sleeping rough)	406	407	408	409	410
Civilian ship, boat or barge	411	412	413	414	415
Other	416	417	418	419	420

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Table CS133 SEX AND AGE BY KNOWLEDGE OF WELSH
Table population: All people

	Total	One or more skills in Welsh	No skills in Welsh
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3
3-4	4	5	6
5-9	7	8	9
10-14	10	11	12
15	13	14	15
16-19	16	17	18
20-24	19	20	21
25-39	22	23	24
40-49	25	26	27
50-59	28	29	30
60-64	31	32	33
65-74	34	35	36
75 and over	37	38	39
MALES	40	41	42
3-4	43	44	45
5-9	46	47	48
10-14	49	50	51
15	52	53	54
16-19	55	56	57
20-24	58	59	60
25-39	61	62	63
40-49	64	65	66
50-59	67	68	69
60-64	70	71	72
65-74	73	74	75
75 and over	76	77	78
FEMALES	79	80	81
3-4	82	83	84
5-9	85	86	87
10-14	88	89	90
15	91	92	93
16-19	94	95	96
20-24	97	98	99
25-39	100	101	102
40-49	103	104	105
50-59	106	107	108
60-64	109	110	111
65-74	112	113	114
75 and over	115	116	117

'One or more skills in Welsh' means one or more of the following: understanding spoken Welsh; speaking Welsh; reading Welsh; writing Welsh.

Table CS145 TYPE OF COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENT BY KNOWLEDGE OF WELSH
 Table population: All people aged 3 and over in Communal Establishments

	ALL PEOPLE	One or more skills in Welsh		No skills in Welsh	
		Residents (non-staff)	Resident staff and families	Residents (non-staff)	Resident staff and families
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
Medical and care establishments	6	7	8	9	10
NHS	11	12	13	14	15
Local authority	16	17	18	19	20
Housing association	21	22	23	24	25
Other	26	27	28	29	30
Other establishments	31	32	33	34	35

Footnote:

1. 'One or more skills in Welsh' means one or more of the following: understanding spoken Welsh; speaking Welsh; reading Welsh; writing Welsh.

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Table CS146 SEX AND AGE BY ABILITY TO SPEAK WELSH
Table population: All people

	Total	Speaks Welsh	Does not speak Welsh
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3
0-2	4	5	6
3-4	7	8	9
5-9	10	11	12
10-14	13	14	15
15	16	17	18
16-19	19	20	21
20-24	22	23	24
25-39	25	26	27
40-49	28	29	30
50-59	31	32	33
60-64	34	35	36
65-74	37	38	39
75 and over	40	41	42
MALES	43	44	45
0-2	46	47	48
3-4	49	50	51
5-9	52	53	54
10-14	55	56	57
15	58	59	60
16-19	61	62	63
20-24	64	65	66
25-39	67	68	69
40-49	70	71	72
50-59	73	74	75
60-64	76	77	78
65-74	79	80	81
75 and over	82	83	84
FEMALES	85	86	87
0-2	88	89	90
3-4	91	92	93
5-9	94	95	96
10-14	97	98	99
15	100	101	102
16-19	103	104	105
20-24	106	107	108
25-39	109	110	111
40-49	112	113	114
50-59	115	116	117
60-64	118	119	120
65-74	121	122	123
75 and over	124	125	126

Table CS147 TYPE OF COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENT BY ABILITY TO SPEAK WELSH

Table population: All people aged 3 and over in Communal Establishments

	ALL PEOPLE	Speaks Welsh		Does not speak Welsh	
		Residents (non-staff)	Resident staff and families	Residents (non-staff)	Resident staff and families
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
Medical and care establishments	6	7	8	9	10
NHS	11	12	13	14	15
Local authority	16	17	18	19	20
Housing association	21	22	23	24	25
Other	26	27	28	29	30
Other establishments	31	32	33	34	35

Table CS203 CURRENT RELIGION BY SEX - SCOTLAND

Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Males	Females
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3
None	4	5	6
Christian	7	8	9
Other	10	11	12
Not Answered	13	14	15

Table CS204 SEX AND AGE BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF QUALIFICATION

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74

	ALL PEOPLE	No qualifications or qualifications outwith these groups	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6
16 to 17	7	8	9	10	11	12
18 to 19	13	14	15	16	17	18
20 to 24	19	20	21	22	23	24
25 to 34	25	26	27	28	29	30
35 to 59	31	32	33	34	35	36
60 to 64	37	38	39	40	41	42
65 to 74	43	44	45	46	47	48

Footnotes:

1.Highest level of Educational Achievement is defined as:

Group 1: 'O' Grade, Standard Grade, Intermediate 1, Intermediate 2, City and Guilds Craft, SVQ Level 1 or 2 or equivalent

Group 2: Higher Grade, CSYS, ONC, OND, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, RSA Advanced Diploma, SVQ Level 3 or equivalent

Group 3: HND, HNC, RSA Higher Diploma, SVQ Level 4 or 5 or equivalent

Group 4: First Degree, Higher Degree, Professional qualification

Table CS206 SEX AND AGE BY KNOWLEDGE OF GAELIC
Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Understands, speaks, reads or writes Gaelic	No knowledge of Gaelic
All PEOPLE			
ALL AGES	1	2	3
0-2	4	5	6
3-4	7	8	9
5-11	10	11	12
12-15	13	14	15
16-24	16	17	18
25-34	19	20	21
35-59	22	23	24
60-69	25	26	27
70-79	28	29	30
80-89	31	32	33
90 and over	34	35	36
MALES			
ALL AGES	37	38	39
0-2	40	41	42
3-4	43	44	45
5-11	46	47	48
12-15	49	50	51
16-24	52	53	54
25-34	55	56	57
35-59	58	59	60
60-69	61	62	63
70-79	64	65	66
80-89	67	68	69
90 and over	70	71	72
FEMALES			
ALL AGES	73	74	75
0-2	76	77	78
3-4	79	80	81
5-11	82	83	84
12-15	85	86	87
16-24	88	89	90
25-34	91	92	93
35-59	94	95	96
60-69	97	98	99
70-79	100	101	102
80-89	103	104	105
90 and over	106	107	108

Table CS217 NUMBER OF PERSONS WORKING OR STUDYING AND METHOD OF TRAVEL BY NUMBER OF CARS OR VANS IN HOUSEHOLDS

Table population: All households

	HOUSEHOLDS	Number of cars or vans in households		
		None	1	2 or more
ALL HOUSEHOLDS WITH AT LEAST ONE PERSON WORKING OR STUDYING	1	2	3	4
One person in household working or studying	5	6	7	8
- Driving a car or van	9	10	11	12
- 'Other' method of travel to work or study	13	14	15	16
- Works or studies at home	17	18	19	20
Two persons in household working or studying	21	22	23	24
- Both driving cars or vans	25	26	27	28
- Both taking 'other' method of travel to work or study	29	30	31	32
- Both working or studying at home	33	34	35	36
- One driving a car or van, one by 'other' method	37	38	39	40
- One driving a car or van, one working or studying at home	41	42	43	44
- One by 'other' method, one working or studying at home	45	46	47	48
Three or more persons in household working or studying	49	50	51	52
- All driving cars or vans	53	54	55	56
- All taking 'other' method of travel to work or study	57	58	59	60
- All working or studying at home	61	62	63	64
- Mixture of driving a car or van and 'other'	65	66	67	68
- Mixture of driving a car or van and working or studying at home	69	70	71	72
- Mixture of 'other' and working or studying at home	73	74	75	76
- Mixture of driving a car or van, 'other' and working or studying at home	77	78	79	80

Footnote:

1. Car or van availability includes any company car or van if available for private use.
2. 'Other' in method of travel is any other means of travel (train, tram, bicycle etc) other than driving a car or van.
3. 'Working or studying' means all people of any age who work or study mainly at or from home, at no fixed place, or travel to a place of work or study.

Table CS218 WHETHER WORKING OR STUDYING AND AGE BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK OR PLACE OF STUDY

Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Not currently working or studying	Work or study mainly at or from home	Underground, tube, metro or light rail, train	Bus, minibus, coach	Taxi or minicab, driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
0 to 4	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
5 to 11	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
12 to 15	34	xxxx	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
16 to 24	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
25 to 34	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66
35 to 59	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
60 to 64	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
65 to 74	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
75 and over	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
Not working or studying	111	112	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
0 to 4	122	123	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
5 to 11	133	134	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
12 to 15	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
16 to 24	155	156	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
25 to 34	166	167	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
35 to 59	177	178	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
60 to 64	188	189	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
65 to 74	199	200	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
75 and over	210	211	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx

Footnote:

1. 'Working or studying' means all people of any age who work or study mainly at or from home, at no fixed place, or travel to a place of work or study.

Table CS218 WHETHER WORKING OR STUDYING AND AGE BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK OR PLACE OF STUDY

Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Not currently working or studying	Work or study mainly at or from home	Underground, tube, metro or light rail, train	Bus, minibus, coach	Taxi or minicab, driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
Studying but not working	221	xxxx	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231
0 to 4	232	xxxx	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242
5 to 11	243	xxxx	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253
12 to 15	254	xxxx	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264
16 to 24	265	xxxx	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275
25 to 34	276	xxxx	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286
35 to 59	287	xxxx	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297
60 to 64	298	xxxx	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308
65 to 74	309	xxxx	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319
75 and over	320	xxxx	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330
Working but not Full-time student	331	xxxx	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341
0 to 4	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
5 to 11	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
12 to 15	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
16 to 24	375	xxxx	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385
25 to 34	386	xxxx	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396
35 to 59	397	xxxx	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407
60 to 64	408	xxxx	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418
65 to 74	419	xxxx	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429
75 and over	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
Full-time student and working	441	xxxx	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451
0 to 4	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
5 to 11	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
12 to 15	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx
16 to 24	485	xxxx	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495
25 to 34	496	xxxx	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506
35 to 59	507	xxxx	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517
60 to 64	518	xxxx	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528
65 to 74	529	xxxx	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539
75 and over	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx

Footnote:

1. 'Working or studying' means all people of any age who work or study mainly at or from home, at no fixed place, or travel to a place of work or study.

Table CS219 AGE BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO PLACE OF STUDY

Table population: Full-time students whether or not in employment, and part-time students not in employment

	ALL PEOPLE IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION	Studies mainly at home	Underground, tube, metro or light rail, train	Bus, minibus, coach	Taxi or minicab, driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
ALL AGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0 to 4	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
5 to 11	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
12 to 15	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
16 to 17	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
18 and over	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60

Table CS220 AGE BY DISTANCE TO PLACE OF STUDY

Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION	Less than 2 km	2 km to less than 5 km	5 km to less than 10 km	10 km to less than 20 km	20 km and over	Other
ALL AGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0 to 4	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
5 to 11	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
12 to 15	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
16 to 17	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
18 and over	36	37	38	39	40	41	42

Other includes no fixed place of study, studying outside the UK, and studying at home.

Table CS221 SEX AND DISTANCE TO PLACE OF STUDY BY METHOD OF TRAVEL

Table population: Full-time students whether or not in employment and part-time students not in employment

	ALL PEOPLE IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION	Studies mainly at home	Train, under- ground, metro or light rail	Bus, minibus, coach	Driving a car or van, taxi, or minicab	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
ALL PEOPLE										
Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Less than 2 km	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
2 km to less than 5km	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
5 km to less than 10km	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
10 km to less than 20 km	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
20 km and over	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Other	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Males										
Total	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Less than 2 km	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
2 km to less than 5km	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
5 km to less than 10km	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
10 km to less than 20 km	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
20 km and over	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
Other	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
Females										
Total	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
Less than 2 km	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
2 km to less than 5km	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
5 km to less than 10km	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
10 km to less than 20 km	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190
20 km and over	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
Other	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210

Other includes no fixed place of study, studying outside the UK, and studying at home.

Distance travelled is a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of place of residence and the postcode of place of study.

Table CS222 WHETHER WORKING OR STUDYING AND AGE BY DISTANCE TRAVELLED TO WORK OR PLACE OF STUDY

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Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Not currently working or studying	Works or studies mainly at or from home	Less than 2km	2km to less than 5km	5km to less than 10km	10km to less than 20km	20km and over	Other
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0 to 4	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
5 to 11	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
12 to 15	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
16 to 24	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
25 to 34	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
35 to 59	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
60 to 64	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
65 to 74	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
75 and over	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Not working or studying	91	92	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
0 to 4	100	101	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
5 to 11	109	110	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
12 to 15	118	119	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
16 to 24	127	128	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
25 to 34	136	137	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
35 to 59	145	146	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
60 to 64	154	155	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
65 to 74	163	164	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
75 and over	172	173	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Studying but not working	181	xxx	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
0 to 4	190	xxx	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
5 to 11	199	xxx	201	202	203	204	205	206	207
12 to 15	208	xxx	210	211	212	213	214	215	216
16 to 24	217	xxx	219	220	221	222	223	224	225
25 to 34	226	xxx	228	229	230	231	232	233	234
35 to 59	235	xxx	237	238	239	240	241	242	243
60 to 64	244	xxx	246	247	248	249	250	251	252
65 to 74	253	xxx	255	256	257	258	259	260	261
75 and over	262	xxx	264	265	266	267	268	269	270

Footnotes:

1. 'Other' comprises works on an offshore installation, no fixed place of work or study, and works or studies outside the UK.
2. The distance travelled is a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of residence and postcode of place of work or study.
3. 'Working or studying' means all people of any age who work or study mainly at or from home, at no fixed place, or travel to a place of work or study.

Table CS222 WHETHER WORKING OR STUDYING AND AGE BY DISTANCE TRAVELLED TO WORK OR PLACE OF STUDY

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Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Not currently working or studying	Works or studies mainly at or from home	Less than 2km	2km to less than 5km	5km to less than 10km	10km to less than 20km	20km and over	Other
Working but not									
Full-time student	271	xxx	273	274	275	276	277	278	279
0 to 4	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
5 to 11	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
12 to 15	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
16 to 24	307	xxx	309	310	311	312	313	314	315
25 to 34	316	xxx	318	319	320	321	322	323	324
35 to 59	325	xxx	327	328	329	330	331	332	333
60 to 64	334	xxx	336	337	338	339	340	341	342
65 to 74	343	xxx	345	346	347	348	349	350	351
75 and over	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Full-time student and working	361	xxx	363	364	365	366	367	368	369
0 to 4	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
5 to 11	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
12 to 15	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
16 to 24	397	xxx	399	400	401	402	403	404	405
25 to 34	406	xxx	408	409	410	411	412	413	414
35 to 59	415	xxx	417	418	419	420	421	422	423
60 to 64	424	xxx	426	427	428	429	430	431	432
65 to 74	433	xxx	435	436	437	438	439	440	441
75 and over	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx

Footnotes:

- 'Other' comprises works on an offshore installation, no fixed place of work or study, and works or studies outside the UK.
- The distance travelled is a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of residence and postcode of place of work or study.
- 'Working or studying' means all people of any age who work or study mainly at or from home, at no fixed place, or travel to a place of work or study.

Table CS223 SEX AND DISTANCE TRAVELLED TO WORK OR PLACE OF STUDY BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK OR PLACE OF STUDY

Table population: All people

	ALL PEOPLE	Not currently working or studying	Work or study mainly at or from home	Underground, tube, metro or light rail, train	Bus, minibus, coach	Taxi or minicab, driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Less than 2km	12	xxx	xxx	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
2km to less than 5km	23	xxx	xxx	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
5km to less than 10km	34	xxx	xxx	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
10km to less than 20km	45	xxx	xxx	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
20km and over	56	xxx	xxx	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66
Other*	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
Males	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
Less than 2km	89	xxx	xxx	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
2km to less than 5km	100	xxx	xxx	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
5km to less than 10km	111	xxx	xxx	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121
10km to less than 20km	122	xxx	xxx	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132
20km and over	133	xxx	xxx	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143
Other*	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
Females	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165
Less than 2km	166	xxx	xxx	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176
2km to less than 5km	177	xxx	xxx	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187
5km to less than 10km	188	xxx	xxx	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
10km to less than 20km	199	xxx	xxx	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209
20km and over	210	xxx	xxx	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220
Other*	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231

Footnotes:

- 'Other' comprises works on an offshore installation, no fixed place of work or study, and works or studies outside the UK.
- The distance travelled is a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of residence and postcode of place of work or study.
- 'Working or studying' means all people of any age who work or study mainly at or from home, at no fixed place, or travel to a place of work or study.

Table CS224 NS-SeC BY METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK

Table population: All people aged 16 to 74 in employment who are not full-time students

	TOTAL	Works mainly at or from home	Underground, tube, metro or light rail, train	Bus, minibus, coach	Taxi or minicab, driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
ALL CLASSES OF NS-SeC	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
3. Intermediate occupations	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
4. Small employers and own account workers	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
6. Semi-routine occupations	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
7. Routine occupations	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80

Footnotes:

1. NS-SeC stands for the National Statistics - Socio-economic Classification.
2. 'Other' includes no fixed place of work or study, working or studying outside of the UK and working offshore.

Table CS230 TENURE AND WHETHER RENTED FURNISHED AND NUMBER OF ROOMS BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE
 Table population: All households

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	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1 Person	2 Persons	3 or more Persons
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4
1 room	5	6	7	8
2 rooms	9	10	11	12
3 rooms	13	14	15	16
4 or more rooms	17	18	19	20
Owned	21	22	23	24
1 room	25	26	27	28
2 rooms	29	30	31	32
3 rooms	33	34	35	36
4 or more rooms	37	38	39	40
Rented from council	41	42	43	44
1 room	45	46	47	48
2 rooms	49	50	51	52
3 rooms	53	54	55	56
4 or more rooms	57	58	59	60
Other social rented	61	62	63	64
1 room	65	66	67	68
2 rooms	69	70	71	72
3 rooms	73	74	75	76
4 or more rooms	77	78	79	80

Footnotes:

1. Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, and Charitable Trust.
2. Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.
3. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented

Table CS230 TENURE AND WHETHER RENTED FURNISHED AND NUMBER OF ROOMS BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE
 Table population: All households

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	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1 Person	2 Persons	3 or more Persons
Private rented (unfurnished)	81	82	83	84
1 room	85	86	87	88
2 rooms	89	90	91	92
3 rooms	93	94	95	96
4 or more rooms	97	98	99	100
Private rented (furnished)	101	102	103	104
1 room	105	106	107	108
2 rooms	109	110	111	112
3 rooms	113	114	115	116
4 or more rooms	117	118	119	120
Living rent free	121	122	123	124
1 room	125	126	127	128
2 rooms	129	130	131	132
3 rooms	133	134	135	136
4 or more rooms	137	138	139	140

Footnotes:

1. Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, and Charitable Trust.
2. Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.
3. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented

Table CS231 TYPE OF ACCOMMODATION BY TENURE AND WHETHER FURNISHED AND CENTRAL HEATING

Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	Households in unshared accommodation				Households in shared accommodation
		Total	House or bungalow	Flat, maisonette or apartment	Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Owned	7	8	9	10	11	12
Central heating	13	14	15	16	17	18
No central heating	19	20	21	22	23	24
Rented from council	25	26	27	28	29	30
Central heating	31	32	33	34	35	36
No central heating	37	38	39	40	41	42
Other social rented	43	44	45	46	47	48
Central heating	49	50	51	52	53	54
No central heating	55	56	57	58	59	60
Private rented (unfurnished)	61	62	63	64	65	66
Central heating	67	68	69	70	71	72
No central heating	73	74	75	76	77	78
Private rented (furnished)	79	80	81	82	83	84
Central heating	85	86	87	88	89	90
No central heating	91	92	93	94	95	96
Living rent free	97	98	99	100	101	102
Central heating	103	104	105	106	107	108
No central heating	109	110	111	112	113	114

Footnotes:

1. Other social rented includes rented from Registered Social Landlord, Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, and Charitable Trust.
2. Private rented: renting from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, or relative or friend of a household member or other person.
3. 'Living rent free' could include households that are living in accommodation other than private rented

Table CS232 TYPE OF COMMUNAL ESTABLISHMENT BY TYPE OF RESIDENT AND SEX

Table population: All people in communal establishments

	ALL PEOPLE	Residents (non-staff)		Resident staff and families	
		Males	Females	Males	Females
ALL PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	5
Medical and care establishments	6	7	8	9	10
NHS	11	12	13	14	15
Psychiatric hospital/home	16	17	18	19	20
Other hospital/home	21	22	23	24	25
Local Authority	26	27	28	29	30
Children's home	31	32	33	34	35
Nursing home	36	37	38	39	40
Residential care home	41	42	43	44	45
Other home	46	47	48	49	50
Housing Association: Home or hostel	51	52	53	54	55
Other	56	57	58	59	60
Nursing home	61	62	63	64	65
Residential care home	66	67	68	69	70
Children's Home	71	72	73	74	75
Psychiatric hospital/home	76	77	78	79	80
Other hospital	81	82	83	84	85
Other medical and care home	86	87	88	89	90
Other establishments	91	92	93	94	95
Defence establishments (including ships)	96	97	98	99	100
Prisons Service establishments	101	102	103	104	105
Educational establishment (including Halls of residence)	106	107	108	109	110
Hotel, boarding house, guest house	111	112	113	114	115
Hostel (including youth hostels, hostels for the homeless)	116	117	118	119	120
Civilian ship, boat or barge	121	122	123	124	125
Other	126	127	128	129	130

Table CS248 AGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSON (HRP) BY HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION (SCOTTISH HOUSEHOLD SURVEY HOUSEHOLD CLASSIFICATION)
 Table population: All households

	ALL HOUSEHOLD REFERENCE PERSONS	24 and under	25 to 34	35 to 59	60 to 64	65 and over
ALL HOUSEHOLDS	1	2	3	4	5	6
1 adult of non-pensionable age and no children	7	8	9	10	11	12
2 adults of non-pensionable age and no children	13	14	15	16	17	18
1 adult of any age and 1 or more children	19	20	21	22	23	24
2 adults and 1 or 2 children	25	26	27	28	29	30
2 adults and 3 or more children or 3 or more adults and one or more children	31	32	33	34	35	36
3 or more adults and no children	37	38	39	40	41	42
1 adult of non-pensionable age and 1 of pensionable age and no children, or 2 adults of pensionable age and no children	43	44	45	46	47	48
1 adult of pensionable age and no children	49	50	51	52	53	54